# Mobile Panel 

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## Chapter 1: General information

## Chapter 2: Technical Data

## Chapter 3: Start-up / Operation

## Chapter 4: Software

## Chapter 5: Standards and Certifications

Chapter 6: Accessories

# Chapter 7: Maintenance / Servicing 

## Appendix A: Data

Figure Index

Table Index

## Index

## Model Number Index

Chapter 1: General Information ..... 11

1. Manual History ..... 11
2. Safety Notices ..... 13
3. Guidelines ..... 13
4. Safety Regulations ..... 13
4.1 Introduction ..... 13
4.2 Intended Use ..... 14
4.3 Transport and Storage ..... 14
4.4 Mounting ..... 14
4.5 Operation ..... 15
4.5.1 Supply Voltage ..... 15
4.5.2 E-stop System ..... 16
4.5.3 Enable Switch ..... 16
5. Model Numbers ..... 18
5.1 Operating Unit ..... 18
5.2 Handle ..... 18
5.3 Connection Cable ..... 18
5.4 Switching Cabinet Cable ..... 19
5.5 Wall Mount ..... 19
5.6 Strapping Plug ..... 19
5.7 Accessories ..... 20
5.8 Software ..... 20
Chapter 2: Technical Data ..... 21
6. Introduction ..... 21
1.1 Features ..... 22
1.2 Construction ..... 23
7. Entire Device ..... 24
2.1 Dimensions ..... 24
2.2 Technical Data ..... 25
8. Individual Components ..... 27
3.1 Operating Unit ..... 27
3.1.1 Dimensions ..... 28
3.1.2 Mylar Keypad ..... 28
3.1.3 Entry Devices ..... 29
3.1.4 Touch Screen Pen ..... 30
3.1.5 CF / USB Cover ..... 30
3.1.6 Rear View of an Operating Unit ..... 35
3.1.7 Switches, Buttons and Batteries ..... 36
3.1.8 Technical Data ..... 39
3.2 Handle ..... 59
3.2.1 Dimensions ..... 60
3.2.2 Technical Data ..... 60
3.2.3 Enable Switch ..... 60
3.2.4 Operating Unit Fastener ..... 62
3.2.5 Fastening the Connection Cable ..... 63

## Table of Contents

3.3 Connection Cable ..... 64
3.3.1 Technical Data ..... 65
3.3.2 Cable Specifications ..... 66
3.4 Switching Cabinet Cable Crossover ..... 68
3.4.1 Shielding in the Switching Cabinet ..... 68
3.4.2 Technical Data ..... 69
3.4.3 Cable Specifications ..... 70
3.4.4 Drilling Template for the Connection Housing ..... 71
3.5 Switching Cabinet Cable - Straight Through ..... 73
3.5.1 Shielding in the Switching Cabinet ..... 73
3.5.2 Technical Data ..... 74
3.5.3 Cable Specifications ..... 75
3.5.4 Drilling Template for the Connection Housing ..... 76
3.6 Wall Mount ..... 77
3.6.1 Technical Data ..... 78
3.6.2 Dimensions ..... 79
3.6.3 Storing the Mobile Panel Device ..... 80
3.7 Strapping Plug ..... 81
3.7.1 Order Data ..... 81
3.7.2 Technical Data ..... 81
3.7.3 Cable Layout ..... 82
Chapter 3: Start-up / Operation ..... 83

1. Commissioning from a Safety Point of View ..... 83
1.1 Intended Use ..... 83
2. Operating the Mobile Panel Device ..... 84
3. Recommended Monitoring Devices ..... 85
3.1 Connection Examples for the E-stop and Key Switch ..... 86
3.1.1 Connection Example for Safety Circuits up to EN 954-1 Category 4 ..... 86
3.1.2 Connection Example for Safety Circuits up to EN 954-1 Category 1 ..... 88
3.2 Connection Example for the Enable Switch ..... 90
3.2.1 Connection Example for Safety Circuits up to EN 954-1 Category 4 ..... 90
3.3 Current Load of the Enable Switch and Entry Device Circuit ..... 92
Chapter 4: Software ..... 93
4. Mobile Panel with Automation Runtime ..... 93
1.1 General Information ..... 93
1.2 Control and Visualization with the Mobile Panel ..... 94
1.3 Operation and Monitoring with the Mobile Panel ..... 95
1.4 Summary Screen ..... 95
5. Mobile Panel with Windows CE ..... 97
2.1 General Information ..... 97
2.2 Requirements ..... 97
2.3 Installation ..... 97
2.4 Serial ActiveSync Connection ..... 98
2.5 Mobile Panel as a Thin Client ..... 99
6. Mobile Panel with Windows XP Embedded ..... 100
3.1 General Information ..... 100
3.2 Requirements ..... 100
3.3 Installation Procedures ..... 100
Chapter 5: Standards and Certifications ..... 101
7. Valid European Guidelines ..... 101
8. Overview of Standards ..... 101
9. Requirements for Emissions (Emission) ..... 103
3.1 Network Related Emissions ..... 103
3.2 Electromagnetic Emissions ..... 104
10. Requirements for Immunity to Disturbances (Immunity) ..... 105
4.1 Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) ..... 106
4.2 High-frequency Electromagnetic Fields (HF field) ..... 106
4.3 High-speed Transient Electrical Disturbances (Burst) ..... 107
4.4 Surge Voltages (Surge) ..... 107
4.5 Conducted Disturbances ..... 107
4.6 Magnetic fields with energy technical frequencies ..... 108
4.7 Voltage dips, fluctuations and short-term interruptions ..... 108
4.8 Damped Oscillations ..... 109
11. Mechanical Conditions ..... 110
5.1 Vibration Operation ..... 110
5.2 Vibration Transport ..... 110
5.3 Shock Operation ..... 111
5.4 Shock Transport (packed) ..... 111
5.5 Toppling ..... 111
5.6 Free Fall (packed) ..... 112
12. Climate Conditions ..... 112
6.1 Worst Case Operation ..... 113
6.2 Dry Heat ..... 113
6.3 Dry Cold ..... 113
6.4 Large Temperature Fluctuations ..... 113
6.5 Temperature Fluctuations in Operation ..... 114
6.6 Humid Heat, Cyclical ..... 114
6.7 Humid Heat, Constant (storage) ..... 114
13. Further Limit Values ..... 114
14. International Certifications ..... 116
8.1 BGFE Certificate ..... 116
15. Standards and Definitions for Safety Technology ..... 117
Chapter 6: Accessories ..... 121
16. Overview ..... 121
17. Replacement CMOS Batteries ..... 122
2.1 Order Data ..... 122
2.2 Technical Data ..... 122
18. Touch Screen Pen ..... 123

## Table of Contents

3.1 Order Data ..... 123
4. Compact Flash cards 5CFCRD.xxxx-02 ..... 124
4.1 General Information ..... 124
4.2 Order Data ..... 124
4.3 Technical Data ..... 124
4.4 Dimensions ..... 125
4.5 Calculating the Lifespan ..... 126
5. USB Memory Stick ..... 132
5.1 General Information ..... 132
5.2 Order Data ..... 132
5.3 Technical Data ..... 132
Chapter 7: Maintenance / Servicing ..... 135

1. Cleaning ..... 135
2. Exchanging the Connection Cable ..... 136
2.1 Procedure ..... 136
3. Changing the Battery ..... 141
3.1 Procedure ..... 141
Appendix A: ..... 145
4. E-stop button ..... 145
5. Key Switch ..... 146
6. Enable Switch ..... 147
7. Touch Screen ..... 148
4.1 3M Touch ..... 148
4.1.1 Cleaning ..... 149
4.2 Gunze Touch ..... 149
4.2.1 Cleaning ..... 150
8. Mylar ..... 150
9. Filter Glass ..... 152
6.1 Mechanical Characteristics ..... 152
6.2 Chemical Properties ..... 152
10. Housing ..... 152

## Chapter 1•General Information

## Information:

B\&R does its best to keep the printed versions of its user's manuals as current as possible. However, sometimes a newer version of the user's manual can be downloaded in electronic form (pdf) from the B\&R homepage www.brautomation.com.

## 1. Manual History

| Version | Date | Comment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.0 | 16.03.2004 | First edition, created with BuR HB manual template V33_09_2003 |
| 1.1 | 17.09.2004 | Changes / New Features <br> - New image for "Automation Runtime summary screen", on page 96 and corresponding description in the table "Automation Runtime summary screen", on page 96. <br> - New image for "Wall Mount 4MPBRA.0000-00", on page 77. <br> - Section for wall mount installation of the Mobile Panel using 4MPBRA.0000-00 added (see section <br> "Storing the Mobile Panel Device", on page 80). <br> - Replacement touch screen pen added, see section "Touch Screen Pen", on page 123. <br> - Section "Recommended Monitoring Devices", on page 85 updated - Note regarding unwanted safety category 4 according to EN 954-1 was added. <br> - Section "Switching Cabinet Cable - Straight Through", on page 73 (5CAMPC.0020-01) added. <br> - Chapter 5 "Standards and Certifications" updated. <br> - Safety-related texts matched to the current BGFE guidelines. <br> - Section "Current Load of the Enable Switch and Entry Device Circuit", on page 92 added. <br> - Section "Features", on page 22 for Mobile Panel devices updated. <br> - Section "Entire Device", on page 24 updated. <br> - Figure "Dimensions for the entire device", on page 24 added. <br> - "Appendix A" updated. <br> - Section "Compact Flash cards 5CFCRD.xxxx-02", on page 124 updated. <br> - Technical data for all operator panels was expanded. |

Table 1: Manual history

## General Information • Manual History

| Version | Date | Comment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.1 | 17.09.2004 | - 2 GB Compact Flash card (5CFCRD.2048-02) added. <br> - Length tolerance values for connection and switching cabinet cables added. <br> - Connection and switching cabinet cable weight values per meter added. <br> - USB memory sticks (5MMUSB.0128-00, 5MMUSB.0256-00, 5MMUSB.0512-00) added. <br> - New "Connection Example for the Enable Switch", on page 90 with new monitoring device. <br> - Connection example for E-stop and key switch added for "Category 3 according to EN 954-1", on page 86. <br> - Connection example for E-stop and key switch added for "Category 2 according to EN 954-1", on page 87. <br> - Connection example for E-stop and key switch added for "Connection example for safety circuits up to category 1 according to EN 954-1", on page 85. <br> - Connection example for E-stop and key switch added for "Category B according to EN 954-1", on page 91. <br> - Connection example for enable switch added for "Category 3, 2, 1 and B according to EN 954-1", on page 94. <br> - 7 meter long Mobile Panel connection cable (5CAMPH.0070-00) added. <br> - Application example for the Mobile Panel with Automation Runtime expanded (see section <br> "Control and Visualization with the Mobile Panel", on page 94 or section "Operation and Monitoring with the Mobile Panel", on page 95). <br> - Application example for the Mobile Panel with BIOS expanded (see section "Mobile Panel as a Thin Client", on page 99). <br> - Model numbers for Windows CE added (see section 5.8 "Software" on page 20). <br> - Shock and vibration values added to the general device data. <br> - Section 2.4 "Serial ActiveSync Connection" on page 98 (cable specifications) added. <br> - Windows XP Embedded section added. <br> - SanDisk White Paper added for calculating Compact Flash lifespan. <br> - Mobile Panel labeling sticker added (see "Type Plate", on page 36). |
| 1.2 | 18.10.2004 | Changes / New Features <br> - New notes for the device components listed in Appendix A. <br> - Section 3.1.7 "Switches, Buttons and Batteries" moved to chapter 2 "Technical Data". <br> - Description for the mode/node switch settings for the Mobile Panel with BIOS updated (see table 16 "BIOS switch settings for the mode / node switch"). <br> - Information for securing the enable switch and entry device circuit added (see page 92). |
| 1.3 | 22.10.2004 | Changes / New Features <br> - Standard overview changed: EN418 added, PSA guidelines removed. <br> - Existing note for the limited enable function on the controller-side that is time or program step dependent is defined as warning (see section 4.5.3 "Enable Switch" on page 16). |
| 1.4 | 28.10.2004 | Changes / New Features <br> - Correction of E-stop button properties to pre-emption. <br> - Text changed in "General Information" section for the type plate. <br> - Chapter 3 Start-up / Operation updated (e.g. removal of safety circuits). <br> - Text changed in Chapter 5 Standards and Certifications - section Standards and Definitions for Safety Technology - footnote 1. |
| 1.5 | 29.10.2004 | Changes / New Features <br> - Correction of the maximum current load limmit for the enable switch circuti from 0.5 to 0.4 A . <br> - Fuse type for protecting the E-stop circuit and enable switch circuit changed from 0.5 to 0.4 A . <br> - Text changes concerning using the PNOZ e2.1p as monitoring device for the enable switch made on page 85 . |

Table 1: Manual history (cont.)

## 2. Safety Notices

The safety notices in this manual are organized as follows:

| Safety notices | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| Danger! | Disregarding the safety regulations and guidelines can be life-threatening. |
| Caution! | Disregarding the safety regulations and guidelines can result in severe injury or major damage to <br> material. |
| Warning! | Disregarding the safety regulations and guidelines can result in injury or damage to material. |
| Information: | Important information for preventing errors |

Table 2: Safety guidelines

## 3. Guidelines

All dimension diagrams (e.g. dimension diagrams, etc.) are drawn according to European dimension standards.

## 4. Safety Regulations

## Information:

The instructions listed, which refer to the wiring and devices used to ensure safety, must be precisely followed in all cases. Otherwise sources of danger can arrise, which could cause the integrated safety equipment in the Mobile Panel to be bypassed.

## Danger!

The corresponding safety guidelines for safety and accident regulations must also be reviewed for the respective situation in addition to and independent of this document.

### 4.1 Introduction

Programmable logic controllers (PLCs), operating and monitoring devices (industrial PCs, Power Panels, Mobile Panels, etc.) as well as the B\&R uninterruptible power supplies have been designed, developed or manufactured for conventional use in industry. They were not designed, developed and manufactured for any use involving serious risks or hazards that could lead to death, injury, serious physical damage or loss of any kind without the implementation of exceptionally stringent safety precautions. In particular, such risks and hazards include the use of these devices to monitor nuclear reactions in nuclear power plants, as well as flight control
systems, flight safety, the control of mass transportation systems, medical life support systems, and the control of weapons systems.

The safety precautions applying to industrial control systems (e.g. the provision of safety devices such as emergency stop circuits, etc.) in accordance with applicable national and international regulations must be observed both when using programmable logic controllers and when using operating and monitoring devices as control systems in conjunction with a Soft PLC (e.g. B\&R Automation Runtime or comparable products) or a Slot PLC (e.g. B\&R LS251 or comparable products). The same applies for all other devices connected to the system, such as drives.

All tasks such as installation, commissioning and service may only be carried out by qualified personnel. Qualified personnel are persons who are familiar with the transport, mounting, installation, commissioning and operation of the product and have the appropriate qualifications (e.g. IEC 60364). National accident prevention guidelines must be followed.

The safety guidelines, connection descriptions (rating plate and documentation) and limit values listed in the technical data must be read carefully before installation and commissioning and must be observed.

### 4.2 Intended Use

Electronic devices are generally not fail-safe. In the event of a failure on the programmable control system, operating or monitoring device or uninterruptible power supply, the user is responsible for ensuring that other devices that may be connected, such as motors, are made safe.

### 4.3 Transport and Storage

During transport and storage, devices must be protected from excessive stress (mechanical load, temperature, humidity, aggressive atmosphere).

### 4.4 Mounting

- The installation must take place according to the documentation using suitable equipment and tools.
- The devices are only allowed to be installed without voltage applied and by qualified personnel.
- General safety regulations and nationally applicable accident prevention guidelines must be observed.
- Electrical installation must be carried out according to the relevant guidelines (e.g. line cross section, fuse, protective ground connection).


### 4.5 Operation

## Warning!

- When operating a system with the Mobile Panel, take note that at this point in time operation is only possible using the Mobile Panel and is not possible from any other point in the system.
- If the safety equipment (safety door, etc.) is not active, the movements carried out using the Mobile Panel are only permitted when the enable switch is activated and at reduced speed.


## Danger!

When using an E-stop circuit according to EN 954-1, the function of the E-stop circuit must be checked at least monthly.

### 4.5.1 Supply Voltage

## Caution!

- The 24 VDC supply must be separated from the low voltage signals in a secure manner to provide protection from dangerous voltages. This can be done, for example, using a safety transformer or similar equipment.
- When dimensioning the supply, the voltage drop on the Mobile Panel connection cable and switching cabinet cable must be taken into consideration.
- The supply circuit must be protected using a 3 A (slow-blow) fuse.


## Warning!

- The project engineer for a machine or system must make provisions to guarantee that an interrupted program is started again properly after voltage drops and power failures. Not even short-term operating states that cause dangerous situations are permitted to occur.
- Errors that occur on automation systems can cause injury and damage to material, therefore additional measures must be taken to ensure safe operation of the entire system should errors occur.
- The functionality of the safety-relevant equipment (e.g. E-stop and enable switch) must be monitored cyclically.
- After heavy loads, e.g. shock to the device or dropping the device, the safetyrelevant equipment must be checked.


### 4.5.2 E-stop System

The E-stop safety equipment found on the Mobile Panel meets EN418 requirements and can be used together with a corresponding monitoring system for safety-relevant control tasks (up to category 4 according to EN 954-1).

## Danger!

- When unplugged, the Mobile Panel must be kept away from sources of danger on the machine or system and must be locked away. An E-stop that is not connected must be kept out of sight for the user because the closest E stop will be pressed if a dangerous situation occurs and, when unplugged, this E-stop does not function.
- The E-stop must be effective in any operating mode on the machine or system.
- Deactivating the E-stop is not permitted to cause an automatic restart.
- The E-stop is not a replacement for safety equipment.
- If the machine or system was brought to a standstill using the E-stop button, the E-stop button is only to be deactivated and the system being monitored is only to be restarted after the reason for stopping has been corrected and the dangerous situation no longer exists.


## Caution!

Dropping the Mobile Panel can trigger the E-stop button and cause the system being monitored to come to a standstill.

Connection examples for the E-stop button and the key switch for various categories (EN 9541) can be found in chapter 3 "Start-up / Operation", section "Connection Examples for the E-stop and Key Switch", on page 86.

### 4.5.3 Enable Switch

The enabling equipment consists of the enable button as seen in figure 23 "Handle 4MPHDL.0000-00" on page 59 and is part of the Mobile Panel safety equipment.

Obtaining safety category 4 according to EN 954-1 is possible through the implementation of enabling equipment with 2 -circuits and using a corresponding monitoring device.

The enabling functionality is described in EN60204. The 3-step enable switch is state-of-the-art technology. The "Null" and "Panic" positions on the enable switch represent off functions. Only the "Enable" position allows activation. The standards EN60204 and IEC60204-1 are identical, which provides the 3-step enabling switch with international significance.

## Warning!

When applicable, the enable function should be limited on the controller according to time or program step.

The electromechanical enable switch and equipment are to be linked with the controller so that the safety-related circuit requirements are met according to DIN EN 775, DIN EN 60204-1, DIN EN 954-1, DIN EN 1088 and VDI 2854.

The cables and lines used to set up the system (except for protective ground conductors) that can be accessed or are open to other conductive parts without opening or removing a cover must either have double or reinforced insulation between wires and the surface or have a metal sheath that can handle the current if a short-circuit occurs between the wire and sheath.

## Warning!

- The enable switch is only suitable as a protective function if the person activating the enable switch can recognize the danger in time and immediately take action to prevent the dangerous situation!
- Commands for dangerous states are not permitted to be initiated by the enable switch alone. A second conscious start command is required here. The only person permitted in the danger area is the person activating the enable switch.

An enable switch connection example for a monitoring device can be found in chapter 3 "Startup / Operation", section 3.2 "Connection Example for the Enable Switch" on page 90.

## General Information • Model Numbers

## 5. Model Numbers

### 5.1 Operating Unit

| Model Number | Description | Note |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4MP181.0843-03 | MP181 TFT C VGA 8.4in FT <br> Operating unit with 8.4" VGA color LCD with Touch Screen (resistive); 19 system keys; <br> 64 MB SDRAM; Compact Flash Slot (type I); ETH10/100; RS232 (RxD, TxD); USB; E-stop; <br> key switch; IP54 protection (only with handle 4MPHDL.0000-00). |  |
| 4MP251.0571-12 | MP251 LCD C QVGA 5.7in F <br> Operating unit with 5.7in QVGA color LCD; 14 softkeys and 19 system keys; 64 MB SDRAM; <br> Compact Flash Slot (type I); ETH10/100; RS232 (RxD, TxD); CAN; USB; E-stop; key switch; <br> IP54 protection (only with handle 4MPHDL.0000-00). |  |
| 4MP281.0571-12 | MP281 LCD C QVGA 5.7in FT <br> Operating unit with 5.7in QVGA color LCD with touch screen (resistive); 14 softkeys and 19 <br> system keys; 64 MB SDRAM; Compact Flash Slot (type I); ETH10/100; RS232 (RxD, TxD); <br> CAN; USB; E-stop; key switch; IP54 protection (only with handle 4MPHDL.0000-00). |  |
| 4MP281.0843-13 | MP281 TFT C VGA 8.4in FT <br> Operating unit with 8.4in VGA color LCD with touch screen (resistive); 19 system keys; <br> 64 MB SDRAM; Compact Flash Slot (type I); ETH10/100; RS232 (RxD, TxD); CAN; USB; E- <br> stop; key switch; IP54 protection (only with handle 4MPHDL.0000-00). |  |
| 5MP181.0843-07 | MP181 TFT C VGA 8.4in FT <br> Operating unit with 8.4in VGA color LCD with touch screen (resistive); 19 system keys; <br> 128 MB SDRAM; Compact Flash Slot (type I); ETH10/100; RS232 (RxD, TxD); CAN; USB; <br> E-stop; key switch; IP54 protection (only with handle 4MPHDL.0000-00). |  |

Table 3: Model numbers for Mobile Panel operating unit

### 5.2 Handle

| Model Number | Description | Note |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 4MPHDL.0000-00 | Mobile Panel handle <br> Mobile Panel handle with integrated three-step enable switch. |  |

Table 4: Model number for Mobile Panel handle

### 5.3 Connection Cable

| Model Number | Description | Note |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 5CAMPH.0050-00 | Mobile Panel connection cable $5 \mathrm{~m}^{1)}$ <br> Mobile Panel connection cable 5 meters long; with plug contacts for cabling the Mobile Panel <br> incl. an industrial connector for the switching cabinet cable. |  |
| 5CAMPH.0070-00 | Mobile Panel connection cable $7 \mathrm{~m}^{1)}$ <br> Mobile Panel connection cable 7 meters long; with plug contacts for cabling the Mobile Panel <br> incl. an industrial connector for the switching cabinet cable. |  |
| 5CAMPH.0100-00 | Mobile Panel connection cable $10 \mathrm{~m}^{1)}$ <br> Mobile Panel connection cable 10 meters long; with plug contacts for cabling the <br> Mobile Panel incl. an industrial connector for the switching cabinet cable. |  |

Table 5: Model numbers for Mobile Panel connection cables

| Model Number | Description | Note |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 5CAMPH.0150-00 | Mobile Panel connection cable $\mathbf{1 5} \mathrm{m}^{\mathbf{1})}$ <br> Mobile Panel connection cable 15 meters long; with plug contacts for cabling the <br> Mobile Panel incl. an industrial connector for the switching cabinet cable. |  |
| 5CAMPH.0200-00 | Mobile Panel connection cable $20 \mathrm{~m}^{1)}$ <br> Mobile Panel connection cable 20 meters long; with plug contacts for cabling the <br> Mobile Panel incl. an industrial connector for the switching cabinet cable. |  |

Table 5: Model numbers for Mobile Panel connection cables (cont.)

1) Proper operation of the serial interface is only guaranteed up to a total cable length of 15 meters (connection cable + switching cabinet cable + application-specific cables).

### 5.4 Switching Cabinet Cable

| Model Number | Description | Note |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 5CAMPC.0020-00 | Switching cabinet cable - crossover 2 $\mathrm{m}^{1)}$ <br> Switching cabinet cable 2 meters long; with wire tip sleeves for connection in the switching <br> cabinet incl. installation socket for the Mobile Panel connection cable. |  |
| 5CAMPC.0020-01 | Switching cabinet cable - straight through $2 \mathrm{~m}^{1)}$ <br> Switching cabinet cable 2 meters long; with wire tip sleeves for connection in the switching <br> cabinet incl. installation socket for the Mobile Panel connection cable. |  |

Table 6: Model numbers for Mobile Panel switching cabinet cables

1) Proper operation of the serial interface is only guaranteed up to a total cable length of 15 meters (connection cable + switching cabinet cable + application-specific cables).

### 5.5 Wall Mount

| Model Number | Description | Note |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 4MPBRA.0000-00 | Wall mount with cable supports <br> Wall mount for storing the Mobile Panel; with supports for the Mobile Panel connection cable |  |

Table 7: Model number for Mobile Panel wall mount

### 5.6 Strapping Plug

| Model Number | Description | Note |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 4MPBYP.0000-00 | Strapping plug <br> Used to bridge the E-stop contacts on the switching cabinet socket of the Mobile Panel <br> switching cabinet cable. |  |

Table 8: Model number for Mobile Panel strapping plug

## General Information • Model Numbers

### 5.7 Accessories

| Model Number | Description | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OAC201.9 | Lithium batteries ( 5 x ) <br> Lithium batteries, 5 pcs., $3 \mathrm{~V} / 950 \mathrm{mAh}$, button cell |  |
| 4A0006.00-000 | Lithium battery (1x) <br> Lithium battery, 1 piece, $3 \mathrm{~V} / 950 \mathrm{mAh}$, button cell |  |
| 5AC900.1100-00 | Touch screen pen ( 5 x ) <br> Five replacement touch screen pens |  |
| 5CFCRD.0032-02 | Compact Flash 32 MB TruelDE SanDisk/A Compact Flash card with 32 MB Flash PROM, and true IDE/ATA interface. |  |
| 5CFCRD.0064-02 | Compact Flash 64 MB TruelDE SanDisk/A Compact Flash card with 64 MB Flash PROM, and true IDE/ATA interface. |  |
| 5CFCRD.0128-02 | Compact Flash 128 MB TrueIDE SanDisk/A Compact Flash card with 128 MB Flash PROM, and true IDE/ATA interface |  |
| 5CFCRD.0256-02 | Compact Flash 256 MB TrueIDE SanDisk/A Compact Flash card with 256 MB Flash PROM, and true IDE/ATA interface |  |
| 5CFCRD.0512-02 | Compact Flash 512 MB TrueIDE SanDisk/A Compact Flash card with 512 MB Flash PROM, and true IDE/ATA interface |  |
| 5CFCRD.1024-02 | Compact Flash 1024 MB TrueIDE SanDisk/A Compact Flash card with 1024 MB Flash PROM, and true IDE/ATA interface |  |
| 5CFCRD.2048-02 | Compact Flash 2048 MB TruelDE SanDisk/A Compact Flash card with 2048 MB Flash PROM, and true IDE/ATA interface |  |
| 5MMUSB.0128-00 | USB memory stick 128 MB SanDisk USB 2.0 Memory Stick 128 MB |  |
| 5MMUSB.0256-00 | USB memory stick 256 MB SanDisk USB 2.0 Memory Stick 256 MB |  |
| 5MMUSB.0512-00 | USB memory stick 512 MB SanDisk USB 2.0 Memory Stick 512 MB |  |

Table 9: Model numbers for accessories

### 5.8 Software

| Model Number | Description | Note |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 9 9S0001.13-010 | OEM MS-WinCE4.1 German <br> OEM Microsoft Windows CE 4.1 German license, only supplied together with a Mobile Panel <br> BIOS device. |  |
| 9 9S0001.13-020 | OEM MS-WinCE4.1 English <br> OEM Microsoft Windows CE 4.1 English license, only supplied together with a Mobile Panel <br> BIOS device. |  |
| 9 9S0001.17-020 | OEM MS-WinCE4.2 English <br> OEM Microsoft Windows CE 4.2 English license, only supplied together with a Mobile Panel <br> BIOS device. |  |
| 9 9S0001.21-020 | OEM MS-WinXPe MP100/200 w/CF English <br> Only delivered with a Mobile Panel BIOS device! |  |

Table 10: Model numbers for Mobile Panel software

## Chapter 2•Technical Data

## 1. Introduction

The Mobile Panel is a portable operating, display and control device that can be used anywhere where machine operation and monitoring require the maximum amount of flexibility. This Mobile Panel advantage is evident for example in the areas of material handling, robotics, tools or special machines, etc.
The machine operator is always near the machine, allowing him to have a direct influence on the current process.

Depending on the variation, Mobile Panel devices have a 5.7" QVGA color display with or without touch screen or an 8.4" VGA color display with touch screen. In addition, Mobile Panel devices have a Mylar keypad (numeric and alphanumeric keys). Integrated safety functions consist of a three-step enable switch (2-channel) and an E-stop button (2-channel). It is operated using the Mylar keypad and the touch screen (with a touch screen pen).


Figure 1: Mobile Panel
Depending on the design, Mobile Panel devices are delivered with the operating system Automation Runtime (AR) or with a BIOS.

The AR devices are programmed uniformly into the entire $B \& R$ automation system with $B \& R$ Automation Studio (Visual Components).

## Technical Data • Introduction

### 1.1 Features

- Processor 266 MHz, MMX compatible
- 5.7" QVGA or 8.4" VGA display ${ }^{1)}$
- Compact Flash card (type I) ${ }^{2)}$
- USB 1.1 Connection ${ }^{2)}$
- 24 VDC supply voltage
- Ethernet 10/100 MBit interface
- RS232 interface (RxD, TxD), not modem-capable
- CAN interface ${ }^{1)}$
- 2 operating mode switches ( $2 \times 16$ digit)
- Touch screen (analog resistive)
- Filter glass (multiple coated non-reflective) ${ }^{1)}$
- Mylar keypad
- Fan free operation
- Automation Runtime or BIOS ${ }^{1)}$
- Real-time clock (battery-buffered) ${ }^{1)}$
- Up to 128 MB SDRAM main memory ${ }^{1)}$
- Integrated E-stop button and key switch
- Touch screen pen (only on touch screen devices)
- IP54 protection (with handle)
- Left and right hand operation
- Amount handle can be turned in relation to the operating unit: $\pm 45^{\circ}$ from the middle position

[^0]
### 1.2 Construction

Mobile Panel devices are cable connected; i.e. they are are connected with the switching cabinet using a cable. For operation, the following individual components are needed:

- Operating unit
- Handle
- Connection cable
- Switching cabinet cable


Figure 2: Mobile Panel device design
An optional wall mount is available for storing all connection cables during stationary operation of the system for the Mobile Panel device (for more see Section 3.6 "Wall Mount" on Page 77).

## Technical Data • Entire Device

## 2. Entire Device

### 2.1 Dimensions

The dimensions of the $5.7^{\prime \prime}$ and $8.4^{\prime \prime}$ display versions for the Mobile Panel devices are the same.


Figure 3: Dimensions for the entire device

### 2.2 Technical Data

| Features | 5.7" Display Versions | 8.4" Display Versions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power Supply Rated Voltage Starting Current Power Input Electrical Isolation | $24 \text { VDC } \pm 25 \%$ <br> for short time (approx. 1 ms ) 20 A Approx. 8 Watt typically, max. 10 Watt |  |
| Safety Elements / Entry Devices <br> E-stop Button <br> Key Switch <br> Enable Switch <br> Current Load | 2 N.C., right position in the operating unit <br> 1 N.O., left position in the operating unit 3-step, 2-channel, front position on the handle <br> See Section"Current Load of the Enable Switch and Entry Device Circuit", on page 92 |  |
| Mechanics |  |  |
| Operating Unit Material Paint, Color | Double-walled housing from plastic (Cycoloy C2950) Soft-touch coating, similar RAL7016 |  |
| Handle Material Paint, Color | Plastic (pure compact foam) Soft-touch coating, similar RAL7016 |  |
| Outer Dimensions in mm (WxHxD) Without Handle With Handle | $\begin{gathered} 306.6 \times 76 \times 270.8 \\ 306.6 \times 152.6 \times 270.8 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Weight <br> (without handle, Compact Flash card and connection cable) (without handle, Compact Flash card, without connection cable) | 1650 grams <br> 2210 grams | 1900 grams <br> 2460 grams |
| Environment ${ }^{1}{ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| Environmental Temperature Operation Storage Transport | $\begin{aligned} & 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } 45^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } 45^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
| Humidity Operation Storage Transport | $45 \%$ to $85 \%$, non-condensing <br> $8 \%$ to $85 \%$, non-condensing <br> $8 \%$ to $85 \%$, non-condensing |  |
| Vibration <br> Operation (continuous) Operation (occasional) Storage Transport | Max. $9-200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and $0.5 \mathrm{~g}\left(4.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) Max. 9-200 Hz and $1 \mathrm{~g}\left(9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0-\right.$ peak $)$ Max. $2-500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and $4 \mathrm{~g}\left(39.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) Max. $2-500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and $4 \mathrm{~g}\left(39.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) |  |
| Shock Operation Storage Transport | Max. $15 \mathrm{~g}\left(147 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) and 11 ms length Max. $30 \mathrm{~g}\left(980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) and 11 ms length Max. $30 \mathrm{~g}\left(980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) and 11 ms length |  |
| Height above Sea Level (operation) | 2000 meters |  |
| Drop Height | 1 meter on industrial surfaces |  |
| Flame Resistant | UL94V-0 |  |
| Protection | IP54 (with mounted handle) |  |

Table 11: Entire device

## Technical Data • Entire Device

| Electromagnetic Compatibility ${ }^{2}$ ) |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Requirements for Emissions |  |
| Network Related Emissions | EN 61000-6-3, EN 55011 class A, EN 55022 class A, EN 61131-2 |
| Electromagnetic Emissions | EN 61000-6-4, EN 55011 class A, EN 55022 class A, EN 61131-2 |
| Requirements for Immunity to Disturbances |  |
| (Immunity) | EN 61000-6-2, EN 61131-2, EN 55024 |
| Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) | EN 61000-6-2, EN 61131-2, EN 55024 |
| High-frequency Electromagnetic Fields | EN 61000-6-2, EN 61131-2, EN 55024 |
| High-speed Transient Electrical Disturbances | EN 61000-6-2, EN 61131-2, EN 55024 |
| Surge Voltages (Surge) | EN 61000-6-2, EN 61131-2, EN 55024 |
| Conducted Disturbances | EN 61000-6-2, EN 61131-2, EN 55024 |
| Magnetic Fields with Energy Technical |  |
| Frequencies |  |
| Voltage Dips, Fluctuations and Short-term | EN 61000-6-2, EN 61131-2, EN 55024 |
| Interruptions |  |
| Damped Oscillations | EN 61131-2 |

Table 11: Entire device (cont.)

1) Test requirements and limits for mechanical and climate conditions see Chapter5 "Standards and Certifications" starting from Page 101. 2) In preparation. Test requirements and limits for electromagnetic compatibility see Chapter 5 "Standards and Certifications" starting from Page 101.

## 3. Individual Components

### 3.1 Operating Unit



Figure 4: Mobile Panel operating unit
The operating unit contains the entire electronics such as the display, the entry devices and the Mylar keypad. For data storage and data exchange, a Compact Flash Slot (type I) and a USB 1.1 interface are available and accessible from the outside (behind the CF / USB cover). For operating touch screen devices, a touch screen pen is integrated centrally on the front.

The user interface for the operating unit is resistant to alcohol (e.g. ethanol, glycol, isopropanol, glycerine, methanol), diluted acids (e.g. vinegar-based cleaning agent), soap, cleaning agents as used in auto maintenance or industrial facilities (usually short-term exposure during the cleaning process) and normal foodstuffs (e.g. beer, wine, coffee, fruit). For instructions how to clean the device, see Chapter 6 "Accessories", section "Cleaning", on page 135.

## Technical Data • Individual Components

### 3.1.1 Dimensions



Figure 5: Operating unit dimensions

### 3.1.2 Mylar Keypad

Depending on the design of the Mobile Panel operating unit, it is available with softkeys or system keys, each with or without LEDs.

System keys



Figure 6: Example of a Mylar keypad

## Softkeys

Softkeys are keys that are arranged in the immediate area of the display and refer a to function shown on the display beside the key (for example, in the form of an ICON). Additionally, softkeys have no legend sheets.

## System Keys

Keys such as number block keys, cursor block keys, special keys for Window function or letter block keys are labeled as system keys.

### 3.1.3 Entry Devices

As standard, the operating unit has an E-stop button and a key switch.

## E-stop Button

- 2 N.C. (2-channel)
- Pre-emptive contacts
- Protected against overload according to EN 418
- Protection against blocking
- Removal by $1 / 4$ turning of the tappet
- Housing protection IP65 according to IEC60529

For more detailed technical data on the E-stop button and its switching element see section "Estop button", on page 145.

## Key Switch

Each restart after an emergency stop must be acknowledged by the key switch. This rules out bypassing of this acknowledgement. In addition, the key switch must be used for acknowledgement each time the Mobile Panel is started.
For example, this provides protection against unexpected restarts and protection against restarts after power fails and is restored.

- Key function, 1 N.O.
- Key can only be removed in 0 position
- IP65 housing according to IEC60529

For more detailed technical data on the key switch and its switching element see section "Key Switch", on page 146.

See section "Connection Examples for the E-stop and Key Switch", on page 86 for a connection example for the E-Stop button and the key switch using a recommended monitoring device.

## Technical Data • Individual Components

### 3.1.4 Touch Screen Pen

The touch screen pen is attached on the front side below the CF / USB cover of a Mobile Panel device with a touch screen and is easily accessible.


Figure 7: Touch screen pen

## Technical Data

| Touch Screen Pen |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Material | Plastic (Cycoloy C2950), open |
| Color | Similar Pantone 151 CV |
| Dimensions | 118 mm with 7 mm diameter |

Table 12: Technical data for the touch screen pen

### 3.1.5 CF / USB Cover



Figure 8: CF / USB cover
Behind the CF / USB cover there is a Compact Flash slot (type I) and a type A USB 1.1 port. The cover can be easily opened without tools and also with gloves.


Figure 9: Compact Flash and USB slot

## Compact Flash Slot

The Compact Flash slot is designed for type I Compact Flash cards and can be used as application memory and operating system memory (to open the CF/ USB cover see section "Inserting a Compact Flash Card" on Page 33).

## Warning!

Inserting and removing the Compact Flash card can only take place without power applied!

## Type A USB Port

For example, a USB memory stick be used for data storage, for data or recipe exchange on the type A USB port slot.

| Technical Data for USB Port |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Transfer Rate | Low speed (1.5 MBit/s) to full speed (12 MBit/s) |
| Power Supply | 500 mA |
| Maximum Cable Length | 5 m |

Table 13: Technical data for USB port connection

## Warning!

Only USB devices tested and approved by B\&R are allowed to be connected to the USB interface.

## Technical Data • Individual Components

## Warning!

Because of general PC specifications, this interface should be handled with extreme care with regard to EMC, location of cables etc.

CF LED

## Information:

Mobile Panel devices offer a CF LED with revision C0 or higher.

| LED | Color | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CF | Yellow | If the LED is lit, then this indicates the access to the Compact Flash card. |

Table 14: CF LED

## Inserting a Compact Flash Card



Figure 10: Inserting a Compact Flash Card

1) Release from above.
2) Open cover.
3) Ensure that the Compact Flash card is inserted in the correct position in the Compact Flash slot (the ridge (Detail 1) and notch (Detail 2) must be found on the underside of the Compact Flash card and in the direction of the cover). Make sure that the Compact Flash is pushed in the Compact Flash slot until this is flush with the opened Compact Flash ejection lever (see position 3a).
4) Fold back cover (as with position 2).

## Warning!

Before closing the cover, make sure that the seal is in good condition and that it is sitting correctly!
5) Release as shown until the clip is pushed downwards. Only then is IP54 protection guaranteed.


Figure 11: Removing a Compact Flash Card

1) Release from above.
2) Open cover.
3) Press the Compact Flash ejection lever (position 3a) and remove the Compact Flash card.
4) Fold back cover (as with position 2).

## Warning!

Before closing the cover, make sure that the seal is in good condition and that it is sitting correctly!
5) Release as shown until the clip is pushed downwards. Only then is IP54 protection guaranteed.

### 3.1.6 Rear View of an Operating Unit



Figure 12: Operating unit - rear view
All the required insert possibilities and also software relevant switches and buttons for connecting the Mobile Panel connection cable can be found on the back (see also section "Switches, Buttons and Batteries", on page 36.

If the connection cable needs to be changed, you can find the connection plan as well as instructions for changing it in section "Exchanging the Connection Cable", on page 136.

## Serial Number Label

## General Information

Each $B \& R$ device is assigned a unique serial number label with bar code, which allows the device to be clearly identified.

## Design/Dimensions



Figure 13: Design/dimensions of the serial number label

## Technical Data • Individual Components

## Type Plate

## General Information

Regarding the enable switch, the Mobile Panel device is additionally equipped with a type plate with the following information.

## Design/Dimensions



Figure 14: Design/dimensions of the type plate
The type plate is attached to the back of the Mobile Panel operating unit.

### 3.1.7 Switches, Buttons and Batteries

The following buttons and switches are found on the back of the operating unit for setting parameters and configuring the Mobile Panel motherboard:


Figure 15: Back of the operating unit - switches, buttons and batteries

## Mode / Node Switch

Power Panel devices are equipped with 2 hex switches, which are used as an operating mode switch for Automation Runtime devices. Switch positions 01 up to FD are available for any purpose in an application. The switch's position can be evaluated by an application program.

Technical Data • Individual Components

| Switch Position |  | Function | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| SW1 (x16) | SW2 (x1) | Operating Mode Switch |  |
| 0 | 0 | Boot | Automation Runtime boot mode for operating system (firmware) upgrade (default <br> Automation Runtime). <br> With this mode, a new or missing operating system can be downloaded. |
| 0 to F | 0 to F | Node | Automation Runtime run mode with node 01-FD (Compact Flash Automation Runtime <br> or terminal operation) <br> Freely available for use in an application e.g. setting the INA2000 node number for the <br> Ethernet interface. |
| F | E | Dyn. Mode | Automation Runtime run mode with node 01-FD (Compact Flash Automation Runtime <br> or terminal operation). <br> Device addresses can be defined by the software. |
| F | F | Diagnosis | Automation Runtime Diagnose Mode (Compact Flash Automation Runtime or Terminal <br> Operation). |

Table 15: Automation Runtime Switch settings for the Mode / Node switch
For Mobile Panel BIOS devices, the Mode/Node switches have the following meaning:

| Switch Position |  | Function | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| SW1 ( $\times 16$ ) | SW2 (x1) | Operating Mode Switch |  |
| 0 | 0 | Service Mode | - When booting Windows CE, the touch screen calibration tool is started <br> (independent of a calibrated touch screen). <br> This function is only advantageous if the touch screen can no longer be operated <br> (incorrect calibration, calibration data lost, etc.). <br> - The resolution for the display used is automatically configured. <br> - Contrast and brightness settings for the display are set to default values. <br> - Legacy USB support is always set to "enabled", independent of the BIOS setting. |
| x | x | Other switch positions have no significance |  |

Table 16: BIOS switch settings for the mode / node switch

## CMOS Battery Holder

Used for inserting a lithium battery. The lithium battery guarantees buffering of the internal realtime clock (RTC), SRAM data, and individually saved BIOS settings.


Figure 16: Inserted lithium battery

## Technical Data • Individual Components

The battery status (good or bad) can be queried using software. From the point when battery capacity is recognized as insufficient, data buffering is guaranteed for approximately another 500 hours. When changing the battery, data is buffered for approximately another 10 minutes by a gold leaf capacitor. The buffer duration of the battery lasts at least two years (at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ).

For more on changing the lithium battery, see Chapter 7 "Maintenance / Servicing", section "Changing the Battery", on page 141.

## Boot Mode Switch

## Warning!

This switch is reserved. The switch position is not allowed to be changed.

## Reset Button

This button is used for resetting the Mobile Panel device.

### 3.1.8 Technical Data

## Operating Unit 4MP181.0843-03



Figure 17: Front view 4MP181.0843-03

## Information:

The following characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for these individual components and can deviate from those for the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, these individual components are used, the data given for the entire device is valid.

| Features | 4MP181.0843-03 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Boot Loader / Operating System | Automation Runtime |
| Processor <br> Type <br> MMX Compatible <br> L1 Cache <br> L2 Cache <br> Floating Point Unit (FPU) <br> Cooling <br> Type | Geode SC2200 266 MHz , 32-bit x86 Yes 16 kByte - Yes Passive (heat sink) |
| Flash | 2 MB , onboard, for firmware |
| Memory Type Size Socket | $\begin{gathered} \text { DRAM } \\ 64 \text { MB } \\ \text { SO-DIMM 144-pin } \end{gathered}$ |
| Graphics Controller Memory | Geode SC2200 <br> 4 MB shared memory (reserved by the main memory) |

Table 17: Technical data for 4MP181.0843-03

Technical Data • Individual Components

| Features | 4MP181.0843-03 |
| :---: | :---: |
| SRAM <br> Size <br> Battery buffered |  |
| Watch Dog Controller | - |
| Power Fail Logic Controller Hold-up Time | - |
| Real-time Clock ${ }^{1)}$ Battery Buffered Precision | Not battery buffered $\pm 20 \mathrm{ppm}$ |
| Battery <br> Type Can be Exchanged Lifespan Backup Capacitor Hold-up Time | ${ }^{-}$ |
| Ethernet <br> Controller Transfer Rate Connection Cables | ```MacPhyter DP83816 10/100 Mbit/s RJ45 Twisted Pair (10 BaseT / 100 BaseT) S/STP (Category 5, using Mobile Panel cable)``` |
| CAN bus Controller Transfer Rate Connection | - |
| Compact Flash <br> Type Amount Connection | Accessible behind the CF / USB cover <br> Type I <br> 1 <br> Primary IDE |
| Serial Interface <br> Type UART Transfer Rate Connection | RS232 (RxD and TxD), not modem-capable 16550 compatible, 16 byte FIFO <br> Max. 115 kBaud <br> Connection using the Mobile Panel cable |
| USB Interface <br> Type Amount Transfer Rate Connection | Accessible behind the CF / USB cover <br> USB 1.1 <br> 2 <br> 1.5 Mbit/s (Low Speed), 12 Mbit/s (Full Speed) Type A |
| Reset Button | Yes (accessible using the handle) |
| Mode / Node Switch | 2 pcs. each 16 digits (back side accessible using the handle) |
| LED ${ }^{2)}$ | 1 LED CF (yellow) - can be accessed behind the CF / USB cover |
| Display <br> Type <br> Diagonal <br> Colors <br> Resolution <br> Background Lighting <br> Brightness <br> Half-Brightness Time | TFT 8.4 in 256 Colors VGA, $640 \times 480$ pixels $120 \mathrm{~cd} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ 50000 hours |

Table 17: Technical data for 4MP181.0843-03 (cont.)

| Features | 4MP181.0843-03 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Touch Screen <br> Technology Controller Transmission Degree | Analog, resistive Hampshire, serial, 12-bit 78 \% |
| Filter glass <br> Transmission Degree Coating | - |
| Keys <br> Function Keys Softkeys Cursor Pad Number Block Other Keys | 15 without LED 4 without LED |
| Power Supply Rated Voltage Starting Current Power Input Electrical Isolation | $24 \text { VDC } \pm 25 \%$ <br> For short time (approx. 1 ms ) 20 A Approx. 8 Watt typically, max. 10 Watt |
| Mechanics | 4MP181.0843-03 |
| Operating Unit Paint, Color | Double-walled housing from plastic (Cycoloy C2950) Soft-touch coating, similar RAL7016 |
| E-stop | Yes (2 N.C.), right position |
| Key Switch | Yes (1 normally open, momentary), left position |
| Touch Screen Pen Color | Yes <br> Similar Pantone 151 CV |
| Outer Dimensions in mm (WxHxD) Without Handle | $306.6 \times 76 \times 270.6$ |
| Weight (without handle, Compact Flash card and connection cable) | 1900 grams |
| Environment | 4MP181.0843-03 |
| Environmental Temperature Operation Storage Transport | $\begin{aligned} & 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } 45^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
| Humidity Operation Storage Transport | Max. $95 \%$ at $\mathrm{T} \leq 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-condensing) Max. $95 \%$ at $\mathrm{T} \leq 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-condensing) Max. $95 \%$ at $\mathrm{T} \leq 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-condensing) |
| Vibration <br> Operation (continuous) <br> Operation (occasional) <br> Storage <br> Transport | Max. $9-200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and $0.5 \mathrm{~g}\left(4.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) Max. 9-200 Hz and $1 \mathrm{~g}\left(9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0-\right.$ peak $)$ Max. $2-500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and 4 g ( $39.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0$-peak) Max. $2-500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and $4 \mathrm{~g}\left(39.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak $)$ |
| Shock Operation Storage Transport | Max. 15 g ( $147 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0-\mathrm{peak}$ ) and 11 ms length Max. $30 \mathrm{~g}\left(980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) and 11 ms length Max. $30 \mathrm{~g}\left(980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) and 11 ms length |

For short time (approx. 1 ms ) 20 A
Power Input Approx. 8 Watt typically, max. 10 Watt

Table 17: Technical data for 4MP181.0843-03 (cont.)

## Technical Data • Individual Components

| Environment | 4MP181.0843-03 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Protection | IP54 (with mounted handle) |
| Altitude | 2000 meters |
| Drop Height | 1 meter on industrial surfaces |
| Flame Resistant | UL94V-0 |

Table 17: Technical data for 4MP181.0843-03 (cont.)

1) The quartz used with the Mobile Panel has an accuracy of $\pm 20 \mathrm{ppm}$. That means the deviation is typically 5 seconds per day under consideration of influences such as temperature and wiring of the quartz.ay.
2) Mobile Panel devices with revision CO or higher offer a Compact Flash write/read access LED.

Operating Unit 4MP251.0571-12


Figure 18: Front View 4MP251.0571-12

## Information:

The following characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for these individual components and can deviate from those for the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, these individual components are used, the data given for the entire device is valid.

| Features | 4MP251.0571-12 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Boot Loader / Operating System | Automation Runtime |
| Processor <br> Type <br> MMX Compatible <br> L1 Cache <br> L2 Cache <br> Floating Point Unit (FPU) <br> Cooling <br> Type |  |
| Flash | Geode SC2200 $266 \mathrm{MHz}, 32$-bit x86 |
| Yes |  |
| Memory | 16 kByte |
| Type | Yes |
| Size | Passive (heat sink) |
| Socket | 2 MB, onboard, for firmware |
| Graphics <br> Controller <br> Memory |  |

Table 18: Technical data for 4MP251.0571-12

Technical Data • Individual Components

| Features | 4MP251.0571-12 |
| :---: | :---: |
| SRAM <br> Size <br> Battery Buffered | $\begin{gathered} 256 \text { kByte } \\ \text { Yes } \end{gathered}$ |
| Watch Dog Controller | SMC ${ }^{1)}$ |
| Power Fail Logic Controller Hold-up Time | - |
| Real-time Clock ${ }^{2)}$ Battery Buffered Precision | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yes } \\ \pm 20 \mathrm{ppm} \end{gathered}$ |
| Battery <br> Type Can be Exchanged Lifespan Backup Capacitor Hold-up Time | Lithium Renata 950 mAh <br> Yes, rear-side accessible using the handle <br> At least 2 years at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Yes <br> 10 Minutes |
| Ethernet <br> Controller Transfer Rate Connection Cables | MacPhyter DP83816 10/100 Mbit/s <br> RJ45 Twisted Pair (10 BaseT / 100 BaseT) S/STP (Category 5, using Mobile Panel cable) |
| CAN bus Controller Transfer Rate Connection | Electrically isolated SJA1000 Max. 1 Mbits/s <br> Connection via Mobile Panel cable |
| Compact Flash Type Amount Connection | Accessible behind the CF / USB cover Type I 1 Primary IDE |
| Serial Interface Type UART Transfer Rate Connection | RS232 (RxD and TxD), not modem-capable 16550 compatible, 16 byte FIFO <br> Max. 115 kBaud <br> Connection using the Mobile Panel cable |
| USB interface <br> Type Amount Transfer Rate Connection | Accessible behind the CF / USB cover <br> USB 1.1 <br> 2 <br> 1.5 Mbit/s (Low Speed), 12 Mbit/s (Full Speed) Type A |
| Reset Button | Yes (accessible using the handle) |
| Mode / Node Switch | 2 pcs. each 16 digits (back side accessible using the handle) |
| LED ${ }^{3)}$ | 1 LED CF (yellow) - can be accessed behind the CF / USB cover |
| Display <br> Type <br> Diagonal <br> Colors <br> Resolution <br> Background Lighting Brightness Half-Brightness Time | LCD 5.7 in 256 Colors QVGA, $320 \times 240$ pixels $150 \mathrm{~cd} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ 50000 hours |

Table 18: Technical data for 4MP251.0571-12 (cont.)

| Features | 4MP251.0571-12 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Touch Screen Technology Controller Transmission Degree | - |
| Filter Glass Transmission Degree Coating | $>98 \%$ <br> Multiple double-sided |
| Keys <br> Function Keys Softkeys Cursor Pad Number Block Other Keys | $\begin{gathered} 14 \\ - \\ 15 \text { without LED } \\ 4 \text { without LED } \end{gathered}$ |
| Power Supply Rated Voltage Starting Current Power Input Electrical Isolation | $24 \text { VDC } \pm 25 \%$ <br> For short time (approx. 1 ms ) 20 A Approx. 8 Watt typically, max. 10 Watt |
| Mechanics | 4MP251.0571-12 |
| Operating Unit Paint, Color | Double-walled housing from plastic (Cycoloy C2950) Soft-touch coating, similar RAL7016 |
| E-stop | Yes (2 N.C.), right position |
| Key Switch | Yes (1 normally open, momentary), left position |
| Touch Screen Pen Color | - |
| Outer Dimensions in $\mathrm{mm}(\mathrm{WxHxD})$ Without Handle | $306.6 \times 76 \times 270.6$ |
| Weight (without handle, Compact Flash card and connection cable) | 1650 grams |
| Environment | 4MP251.0571-12 |
| Environmental Temperature Operation Storage Transport | $\begin{aligned} & 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } 45^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
| Humidity Operation Storage Transport | Max. $95 \%$ at $\mathrm{T} \leq 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-condensing) Max. $95 \%$ at $\mathrm{T} \leq 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-condensing) Max. $95 \%$ at $\mathrm{T} \leq 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-condensing) |
| Vibration <br> Operation (continuous) <br> Operation (occasional) <br> Storage <br> Transport | Max. $9-200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and $0.5 \mathrm{~g}\left(4.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) Max. 9-200 Hz and $1 \mathrm{~g}\left(9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0-\right.$ peak $)$ Max. $2-500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and 4 g ( $39.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0$-peak) Max. $2-500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and $4 \mathrm{~g}\left(39.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak $)$ |
| Shock Operation Storage Transport | Max. $15 \mathrm{~g}\left(147 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0-\mathrm{peak}\right)$ and 11 ms length Max. $30 \mathrm{~g}\left(980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) and 11 ms length Max. $30 \mathrm{~g}\left(980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) and 11 ms length |

For short time (approx. 1 ms ) 20 A
Power Input Approx. 8 Watt typically, max. 10 Watt

Table 18: Technical data for 4MP251.0571-12 (cont.)

## Technical Data • Individual Components

| Environment | 4MP251.0571-12 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Protection | IP54 (with mounted handle) |
| Altitude | 2000 meters |
| Drop Height | 1 meter on industrial surfaces |
| Flame Resistant | UL94V-0 |

Table 18: Technical data for 4MP251.0571-12 (cont.)

1) System Management Controller.
2) The quartz used with the Mobile Panel has an accuracy of $\pm 20 \mathrm{ppm}$. That means the deviation is typically 5 seconds per day under consideration of influences such as temperature and wiring of the quartz.ay.
3) Mobile Panel devices with revision CO or higher offer a Compact Flash write/read access LED.

Operating Unit 4MP281.0571-12


Figure 19: Front view 4MP281.0571-12

## Information:

The following characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for these individual components and can deviate from those for the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, these individual components are used, the data given for the entire device is valid.

| Features | 4MP281.0571-12 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Boot Loader / Operating System | Automation Runtime |
| Processor |  |
| Type | Geode SC2200 $266 \mathrm{MHz}, 32$-bit x86 |
| MMX Compatible | Yes |
| L1 Cache | 16 kByte |
| L2 Cache |  |
| Floating Point Unit (FPU) | Yes |
| Cooling |  |
| Type | Passive (heat sink) |
| Flash | 2 MB, onboard, for firmware |
| Memory |  |
| Type |  |
| Size | DRAM |
| Socket | 64 MB |
| Graphics | SO-DIMM 144-pin |
| Controller |  |
| Memory | Geode SC2200 |

Table 19: Technical data 4MP281.0571-12

Technical Data • Individual Components

| Features | 4MP281.0571-12 |
| :---: | :---: |
| SRAM Size Battery Buffered | 256 kByte Yes |
| Watch Dog Controller | SMC ${ }^{1)}$ |
| Power Fail Logic Controller Hold-up Time | - |
| Real-time Clock ${ }^{2)}$ Battery Buffered Precision | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yes } \\ \pm 20 \mathrm{ppm} \end{gathered}$ |
| Battery <br> Type Can be Exchanged Lifespan Backup Capacitor Hold-up Time | Lithium Renata 950 mAh <br> Yes, rear-side accessible using the handle <br> At least 2 years at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Yes <br> 10 Minutes |
| Ethernet Controller Transfer Rate Connection Cables | $\begin{gathered} \text { MacPhyter DP83816 } \\ \text { 10/100 Mbit/s } \\ \text { RJ45 Twisted Pair (10 BaseT / } 100 \text { BaseT) } \\ \text { S/STP (Category 5, using Mobile Panel cable) } \end{gathered}$ |
| CAN bus Controller Transfer Rate Connection | Electrically isolated <br> SJA1000 <br> Max. 1 Mbits/s <br> Connection via Mobile Panel cable |
| Compact Flash Type Amount Connection | Accessible behind the CF / USB cover <br> Type I <br> 1 <br> Primary IDE |
| Serial Interface <br> Type UART Transfer Rate Connection | RS232 (RxD and TxD), not modem-capable 16550 compatible, 16 byte FIFO <br> Max. 115 kBaud <br> Connection using the Mobile Panel cable |
| USB Interface <br> Type <br> Amount <br> Transfer Rate <br> Connection | Accessible behind the CF / USB cover <br> USB 1.1 <br> 2 <br> 1.5 Mbit/s (Low Speed), 12 Mbit/s (Full Speed) Type A |
| Reset Button | Yes (accessible using the handle) |
| Mode / Node Switch | 2 pcs. each 16 digits (back side accessible using the handle) |
| LED ${ }^{3)}$ | 1 LED CF (yellow) - can be accessed behind the CF / USB cover |
| Display <br> Type <br> Diagonal <br> Colors <br> Resolution <br> Background Lighting Brightness Half-Brightness Time | LCD 5.7 in 256 Colors QVGA, $320 \times 240$ pixels $150 \mathrm{~cd} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ 50000 hours |

Table 19: Technical data 4MP281.0571-12 (cont.)

| Features | 4MP281.0571-12 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Touch Screen Technology Controller Transmission Degree | Analog, resistive Hampshire, serial, 12-bit 78 \% |
| Filter glass Transmission Degree Coating | - |
| Keys <br> Function Keys Softkeys Cursor Pad Number Block Other Keys | 14 - 15 without LED 4 without LED |
| Power Supply Rated Voltage Starting Current Power Input Electrical Isolation | $24 \text { VDC } \pm 25 \%$ <br> For short time (approx. 1 ms ) 20 A Approx. 8 Watt typically, max. 10 Watt |
| Mechanics | 4MP281.0571-12 |
| Operating Unit Paint, Color | Double-walled housing from plastic (Cycoloy C2950) Soft-touch coating, similar RAL7016 |
| E-stop | Yes (2 N.C.), right position |
| Key Switch | Yes (1 normally open, momentary), left position |
| Touch Screen Pen Color | Yes <br> Similar Pantone 151 CV |
| Outer Dimensions in $\mathrm{mm}(\mathrm{WxHxD})$ Without Handle | $306.6 \times 76 \times 270.6$ |
| Weight (without handle, Compact Flash card and connection cable) | 1650 grams |
| Environment | 4MP281.0571-12 |
| Environmental Temperature <br> Operation <br> Storage <br> Transport | $\begin{gathered} 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } 45^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ |
| Humidity Operation Storage Transport | Max. $85 \%$ at $\mathrm{T} \leq 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-condensing) Max. $85 \%$ at $\mathrm{T} \leq 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-condensing) Max. $85 \%$ at $\mathrm{T} \leq 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-condensing) |
| Vibration Operation (continuous) Operation (occasional) Storage Transport | Max. $9-200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and $0.5 \mathrm{~g}\left(4.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) Max. 9-200 Hz and $1 \mathrm{~g}\left(9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) Max. $2-500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and $4 \mathrm{~g}\left(39.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) Max. 2-500 Hz and $4 \mathrm{~g}\left(39.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) |
| Shock Operation Storage Transport | Max. $15 \mathrm{~g}\left(147 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) and 11 ms length Max. $30 \mathrm{~g}\left(980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) and 11 ms length Max. $30 \mathrm{~g}\left(980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) and 11 ms length |

For short time (approx. 1 ms ) 20 A
Power Input Approx. 8 Watt typically, max. 10 Watt

Table 19: Technical data 4MP281.0571-12 (cont.)

## Technical Data • Individual Components

| Environment | 4MP281.0571-12 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Protection | IP54 (with mounted handle) |
| Altitude | 2000 meters |
| Drop Height | 1 meter on industrial surfaces |
| Flame Resistant | UL94V-0 |

Table 19: Technical data 4MP281.0571-12 (cont.)

1) System Management Controller.
2) The quartz used with the Mobile Panel has an accuracy of $\pm 20 \mathrm{ppm}$. That means the deviation is typically 5 seconds per day under consideration of influences such as temperature and wiring of the quartz.ay.
3) Mobile Panel devices with revision CO or higher offer a Compact Flash write/read access LED.

Operating Unit 4MP281.0843-13


Figure 20: Front view for 4MP281.0843-13

## Information:

The following characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for these individual components and can deviate from those for the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, these individual components are used, the data given for the entire device is valid.

| Features | 4MP281.0843-13 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Boot Loader / Operating System | Automation Runtime |
| Processor <br> Type MMX Compatible <br> L1 Cache <br> L2 Cache <br> Floating Point Unit (FPU) <br> Cooling <br> Type | Geode SC2200 $266 \mathrm{MHz}, 32$-bit x86 Yes 16 kByte - Yes Passive (heat sink) |
| Flash | 2 MB , onboard, for firmware |
| Memory Type Size Socket | $\begin{gathered} \text { DRAM } \\ 64 \text { MB } \\ \text { SO-DIMM 144-pin } \end{gathered}$ |
| Graphics Controller Memory | Geode SC2200 <br> 4 MB shared memory (reserved by the main memory) |

Table 20: Technical data 4MP281.0843-13

Technical Data • Individual Components

| Features | 4MP281.0843-13 |
| :---: | :---: |
| SRAM <br> Size <br> Battery Buffered | $\begin{gathered} 256 \text { kByte } \\ \text { Yes } \end{gathered}$ |
| Watch Dog Controller | SMC ${ }^{1)}$ |
| Power Fail Logic Controller Hold-up Time | - |
| Real-time Clock ${ }^{2)}$ Battery Buffered Precision | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yes } \\ \pm 20 \mathrm{ppm} \end{gathered}$ |
| Battery <br> Type Can be Exchanged Lifespan Backup Capacitor Hold-up Time | Lithium Renata 950 mAh <br> Yes, rear-side accessible using the handle <br> At least 2 years at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Yes <br> 10 Minutes |
| Ethernet Controller Transfer Rate Connection Cables | ```MacPhyter DP83816 10/100 Mbit/s RJ45 Twisted Pair (10 BaseT / 100 BaseT) S/STP (Category 5, using Mobile Panel cable)``` |
| CAN Bus Controller Transfer Rate Connection | - |
| Compact Flash <br> Type <br> Amount <br> Connection | Accessible behind the CF / USB cover <br> Type I <br> 1 <br> Primary IDE |
| Serial Interface Type UART Transfer Rate Connection | RS232 (RxD and TxD), not modem-capable 16550 compatible, 16 byte FIFO <br> Max. 115 kBaud <br> Connection using the Mobile Panel cable |
| USB Interface <br> Type Amount Transfer Rate Connection | Accessible behind the CF / USB cover <br> USB 1.1 <br> 2 <br> 1.5 Mbit/s (Low Speed), 12 Mbit/s (Full Speed) Type A |
| Reset Button | Yes (accessible using the handle) |
| Mode / Node Switch | 2 pcs. each 16 digits (back side accessible using the handle) |
| LED ${ }^{3)}$ | 1 LED CF (yellow) - can be accessed behind the CF / USB cover |
| Display <br> Type <br> Diagonal <br> Colors <br> Resolution <br> Background Lighting Brightness Half-Brightness Time | TFT 8.4 in 256 Colors VGA, $640 \times 480$ pixels $120 \mathrm{~cd} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ 50000 hours |

Table 20: Technical data 4MP281.0843-13 (cont.)

| Features | 4MP281.0843-13 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Touch Screen Technology Controller Transmission Degree | Analog, resistive Hampshire, serial, 12-bit 78 \% |
| Filter Glass Transmission Degree Coating | - |
| Keys <br> Function Keys Softkeys Cursor Pad Number Block Other Keys | 15 without LED 4 without LED |
| Power Supply Rated Voltage Starting Current Power Input Electrical Isolation | $24 \text { VDC } \pm 25 \%$ <br> For short time (approx. 1 ms ) 20 A Approx. 8 Watt typically, max. 10 Watt |
| Mechanics | 4MP281.0843-13 |
| Operating Unit Paint, Color | Double-walled housing from plastic (Cycoloy C2950) Soft-touch coating, similar RAL7016 |
| E-stop | Yes (2 N.C.), right position |
| Key Switch | Yes (1 normally open, momentary), left position |
| Touch Screen Pen Color | Yes <br> Similar Pantone 151 CV |
| Outer Dimensions in $\mathrm{mm}(\mathrm{WxHxD})$ Without Handle | $306.6 \times 76 \times 270.6$ |
| Weight (without handle, Compact Flash card and connection cable) | 1900 grams |
| Environment | 4MP281.0843-13 |
| Environmental Temperature Operation Storage Transport | $\begin{aligned} & 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } 45^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
| Humidity Operation Storage Transport | Max. $95 \%$ at $\mathrm{T} \leq 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-condensing) Max. $95 \%$ at $\mathrm{T} \leq 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-condensing) Max. $95 \%$ at $\mathrm{T} \leq 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-condensing) |
| Vibration <br> Operation (continuous) <br> Operation (occasional) <br> Storage <br> Transport | Max. $9-200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and $0.5 \mathrm{~g}\left(4.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) Max. 9-200 Hz and $1 \mathrm{~g}\left(9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0-\right.$ peak $)$ Max. $2-500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and 4 g ( $39.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0$-peak) Max. $2-500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and $4 \mathrm{~g}\left(39.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak $)$ |
| Shock Operation Storage Transport | Max. $15 \mathrm{~g}\left(147 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0-\mathrm{peak}\right)$ and 11 ms length Max. $30 \mathrm{~g}\left(980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) and 11 ms length Max. $30 \mathrm{~g}\left(980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) and 11 ms length |

For short time (approx. 1 ms ) 20 A
Power Input Approx. 8 Watt typically, max. 10 Watt

Table 20: Technical data 4MP281.0843-13 (cont.)

## Technical Data • Individual Components

| Environment | 4MP281.0843-13 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Protection | IP54 (with mounted handle) |
| Altitude | 2000 meters |
| Drop Height | 1 meter on industrial surfaces |
| Flame Resistant | UL94V-0 |

Table 20: Technical data 4MP281.0843-13 (cont.)

1) System Management Controller.
2) The quartz used with the Mobile Panel has an accuracy of $\pm 20 \mathrm{ppm}$. That means the deviation is typically 5 seconds per day under consideration of influences such as temperature and wiring of the quartz.ay.
3) Mobile Panel devices with revision CO or higher offer a Compact Flash write/read access LED.

Operating Unit for 5MP181.0843-07


Figure 21: Front View 5MP181.0843-07

## Information:

The following characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for these individual components and can deviate from those for the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, these individual components are used, the data given for the entire device is valid.

| Features | 5MP181.0843-07 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Boot Loader / Operating System | BIOS |
| Processor <br> Type <br> MMX Compatible <br> L1 Cache <br> L2 Cache <br> Floating Point Unit (FPU) <br> Cooling <br> Type | Geode SC2200 $266 \mathrm{MHz}, 32$-bit x86 Yes 16 kByte $-\quad$ Yes Passive (heat sink) |
| Flash | 2 MB , onboard, for firmware |
| Memory <br> Type Size Socket | $\begin{gathered} \text { DRAM } \\ 128 \text { MB } \\ \text { SO-DIMM 144-pin } \end{gathered}$ |
| Graphics Controller Memory | Geode SC2200 <br> 4 MB shared memory (reserved by the main memory) |

Table 21: Technical data for 5MP181.0843-07

Technical Data • Individual Components

| Features | 5MP181.0843-07 |
| :---: | :---: |
| SRAM <br> Size <br> Battery Buffered |  |
| Watch Dog Controller | - |
| Power Fail Logic Controller Hold-up Time | - |
| Real-time Clock ${ }^{1)}$ Battery Buffered Precision | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yes } \\ \pm 20 \mathrm{ppm} \end{gathered}$ |
| Battery <br> Type Can be Exchanged Lifespan Backup Capacitor Hold-up Time | Lithium Renata 950 mAh <br> Yes, rear-side accessible using the handle <br> At least 2 years at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Yes <br> 10 Minutes |
| Ethernet <br> Controller Transfer Rate Connection Cables | ```MacPhyter DP83816 10/100 Mbit/s RJ45 Twisted Pair (10 BaseT / 100 BaseT) S/STP (Category 5, using Mobile Panel cable)``` |
| CAN Bus Controller Transfer Rate Connection | - |
| Compact Flash <br> Type Amount Connection | Accessible behind the CF / USB cover <br> Type I <br> 1 <br> Primary IDE |
| Serial Interface <br> Type UART <br> Transfer Rate Connection | RS232 (RxD and TxD), not modem-capable 16550 compatible, 16 byte FIFO <br> Max. 115 kBaud <br> Connection using the Mobile Panel cable |
| USB Interface <br> Type Amount Transfer Rate Connection | Accessible behind the CF / USB cover <br> USB 1.1 <br> 2 <br> 1.5 Mbit/s (Low Speed), 12 Mbit/s (Full Speed) Type A |
| Reset Button | Yes (accessible using the handle) |
| Mode / Node Switch | 2 pcs. each 16 digits (back side accessible using the handle) |
| LED ${ }^{2)}$ | 1 LED CF (yellow) - can be accessed behind the CF / USB cover |
| Display <br> Type <br> Diagonal <br> Colors <br> Resolution <br> Background Lighting <br> Brightness <br> Half-Brightness Time | TFT 8.4 in 262144 Colors VGA, $640 \times 480$ pixels $120 \mathrm{~cd} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ 50000 hours |

Table 21: Technical data for 5MP181.0843-07 (cont.)

| Features |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Touch Screen <br> Technology <br> Controller | AnPlog, resistive |
| Transmission Degree |  |$\quad$| Hampshire, serial, 12 -bit |
| :---: |
| $78 \%$ |

For short time (approx. 1 ms ) 20 A
Power Input Approx. 8 Watt typically, max. 10 Watt

Operating Unit
Double-walled housing from plastic (Cycoloy C2950)
Soft-touch coating, similar RAL7016
Yes (2 N.C.), right position

Max. $95 \%$ at $\mathrm{T} \leq 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-condensing)
Max. $95 \%$ at $\mathrm{T} \leq 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-condensing)
Max. $95 \%$ at $\mathrm{T} \leq 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-condensing)

Max. $9-200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and $0.5 \mathrm{~g}\left(4.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak)
Max. $9-200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and $1 \mathrm{~g}\left(9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak)
Max. $2-500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and $4 \mathrm{~g}\left(39.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak $)$
Max. $2-500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and $4 \mathrm{~g}\left(39.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0-\right.$ peak $)$

Max. $15 \mathrm{~g}\left(147 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0-\mathrm{peak}\right)$ and 11 ms length
Max. $30 \mathrm{~g}\left(980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) and 11 ms length
Max. $30 \mathrm{~g}\left(980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 0\right.$-peak) and 11 ms length

Table 21: Technical data for 5MP181.0843-07 (cont.)

## Technical Data • Individual Components

| Environment | 5MP181.0843-07 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Protection | IP54 (with mounted handle) |
| Altitude | 2000 meters |
| Drop Height | 1 meters on industrial surfaces |
| Flame Resistant | UL94V-0 |

Table 21: Technical data for 5MP181.0843-07 (cont.)

1) The quartz used with the Mobile Panel has an accuracy of $\pm 20 \mathrm{ppm}$. That means the deviation is typically 5 seconds per day under consideration of influences such as temperature and wiring of the quartz.ay.
2) Mobile Panel devices with revision CO or higher offer a Compact Flash write/read access LED.

### 3.2 Handle



Figure 22: Operating unit, handle and connection cable
The handle is designed ergonomically for both right-handers and left-handers. The connection to the operating unit takes is made using threaded screws. The threaded screws can be loosened with a hex screw (size 4 mm ) and removed (for more on this, see section "Operating Unit Fastener", on page 62).


Figure 23: Handle 4MPHDL.0000-00

## Technical Data • Individual Components

### 3.2.1 Dimensions



Figure 24: Dimensions for the handle

### 3.2.2 Technical Data

| Mechanics | 4MPHDL.0000-00 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Material <br> Paint, Color | Plastic (pure compact foam) <br> Soft-touch coating, similar RAL7016 |
| Dimensions (WxHxD) | $190 \times 79.5 \times 183$ |
| Weight | 540 grams |
| Enable Switch | 3-step (null, enable, panic position) |

Table 22: Technical data 4MPHDL.0000-00

### 3.2.3 Enable Switch

The handle has a 3-step, 2-channel enable switch, which is attached centrally on the front side of the handle.

The enable switch is used to implement enabling equipment as a protective function for machines or systems in special operating modes. The enable switch is only part of this setup.

- 3-step: null, enable and panic position

For more detailed technical data on the enable switch see section "Enable Switch", on page 147.

## Functionality

The enable button switch is 2-channel, each having 3 switch positions.

| Position | Enable Switch/Activation |
| :---: | :---: |
| Null | Not pressed |
| Enable | Pressed |
| Panic | Pushed through |

Table 23: Switch positions for the enable switch


Figure 25: Possible enable switch positions
Both enable switches must always have the same position so that the switch position is easily found by the monitoring device.

The positions "null" and "panic" must trigger a stop command for category 0 or 1.

Null Position
The enable switch remains deactivated in the null position (not enabled).


Figure 26: Enable switch - position null

## Technical Data • Individual Components

## Enable Position

The enable position is the operating mode for the enable switch. In this position, it is possible to initiate a movement for an axis by subsequently pressing a direction button.

The enable switch is pressed from the null position to the enable position. After being released, it goes back to the null position again.


Figure 27: Enable switch - position enable

## Panic Position

If the enable switch is pushed through (enable position to panic position), the enable position is skipped and it goes to the null position after being released.


Figure 28: Enable switch - position panic
See section "Connection Example for the Enable Switch", on page 90 for a connection example for the enable button with a recommended monitoring device.

### 3.2.4 Operating Unit Fastener

The threaded screws can be loosened with a hex key ( 4 mm ). The handle and the operating unit are fastened together using the threaded screw.


Figure 29: Fastening/removing the handle to/from the operating unit
The handle can also be turned without unfastening it.

### 3.2.5 Fastening the Connection Cable

The cable is connected using a stress relief and fastened tightly. A size 10 torx screwdriver is needed for this.


Figure 30: Fastening the connection cable

### 3.3 Connection Cable



Figure 31: Connection cable 5CAMPH.0xxx-00
The connection cable establishes the electrical and mechanical connection between the switching cabinet and Mobile Panel. It includes lines for the network (Ethernet 10/100 MBit/s), supply 24 VDC, entry devices, enable switch, serial data transfer and CAN.

The surface is protected against water, oil (protected against lubricating and hydraulic oils according to EN 60811 section 2-1) and cooling lubricant.

The connection cable is mounted on the side of the Mobile Panel in the handle. The switching cabinet end of the connection cable is an industrial connector. The connection cable is available in different lengths (see table 5 "Model numbers for Mobile Panel connection cables" on Page 18). Information regarding the procedure for exchanging the connection cable can be found in the section "Exchanging the Connection Cable", on page 136.


Figure 32: Connection cable and handle

### 3.3.1 Technical Data

## Information:

The following characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for these individual components and can deviate from those for the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, these individual components are used, the data given for the entire device is valid.

| Features | 5CAMPH.0050-00 | 5CAMPH.0070-00 | 5CAMPH.0100-00 | 5CAMPH.0150-00 | 5CAMPH.0200-00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Length and Tolerance | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \text { meters } \\ & \pm 10 \mathrm{~cm} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \text { meters } \\ & \pm 10 \mathrm{~cm} \end{aligned}$ | 10 meters $\pm 10 \mathrm{~cm}$ | 15 meters $\pm 15 \mathrm{~cm}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \text { meter s } \\ & \pm 15 \mathrm{~cm} \end{aligned}$ |
| Connector Industrial Connector | Connection housing with pin insert |  |  |  |  |
| Cables <br> Total Diameter <br> Weight per Meter <br> Shielding Material <br> Available Lengths <br> Minimum Flex Radius <br> Supply Lines <br> Permissible Operating Voltage <br> Material <br> Conductor Resistance <br> Maximum Tension Stress <br> Color | See | Silicon and halogen ble 5 "Model number | rid cable, 25 condu 10 mm 153 grams ree, flame retardant for Mobile Panel co 60 mm <br> 30 VDC <br> Tinned copper wires $\leq 30 \mathrm{Ohm} / \mathrm{km}$ 140 N <br> Similar to RAL 7012 | or <br> UR outer sheathing nection cables" on P | ge 18 |
| Cable Elements Network Enable Switch $2 \times$ CAN Bus Entry Devices Power Supply Serial Connection (RxD, TxD) | Twisted pair cable for Ethernet ( $10 / 100 \mathrm{MBit} / \mathrm{s}$ ) (4-wire RJ45 plug) <br> Direct connection between the enable switch and the monitoring device ( 6 -wire) 2 pairs with shielding (4-wire) <br> Direct connection between the entry device and the monitoring device ( 6 -wire) $\text { Supply voltage + } 24 \text { VDC (2-wire) }$ <br> 3 Wires |  |  |  |  |
| Environment |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating Temperature Non-moving State Moving State | $\begin{aligned} & -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Standards | Flame retardant in accordance with IEC 60332-1 and VW1 / FT1 in accordance with C-UL Shield damping in accordance with IEC 60096-1, amendment 2 <br> Mechanical characteristics according to DIN VDE 0472 section 603 test type H (100000 cycles) Oil resistant, hydrolysis resistant according to DIN VDE 0282 section 10 |  |  |  |  |

Table 24: Technical data for the Mobile Panel cable 5CAMPH.0xxx-00

## Technical Data • Individual Components

### 3.3.2 Cable Specifications



Figure 33: Connection cable specifications

| ST1 Enable Switch, 6-pin Male Connector |  | Connection Cable Wire Colors | Socket Housing Assignment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C1 | Pin 1 | Brown | A1 |
| NO1 | Pin 2 | White | A3 |
| NC1 | Pin 3 | violet | B2 |
| C2 | Pin 4 | Black | C1 |
| NO2 | Pin 5 | Red | C3 |
| NC2 | Pin 6 | Blue | D2 |
| ST2 RS232, 3-pin Male Connector |  | Connection Cable Wire Colors | Socket Housing Assignment |
| RXD | Pin 1 | Pink | J1 |
| GND | Pin 2 | White-Yellow | K2 |
| TxD | Pin 3 | Gray | J3 |
| ST3 Entry Device, 8-pin Male Connector |  | Connection Cable Wire Colors | Socket Housing Assignment |
| E-stop normally closed contact 1 (11) | Pin 1 | Gray-Pink | E1 |
| E-stop normally closed contact 1 (12) | Pin 2 | White-Green | E3 |
| E-stop normally closed contact 2 (21) | Pin 3 | Brown-Green | G1 |
| E-stop normally closed contact 2 (22) | Pin 4 | Red-Blue | G3 |
| Key switch (13) | Pin 5 | Yellow | F2 |
| Key switch (14) | Pin 6 | Green | H2 |
| n.c. | Pin 7 | - | - |
| n.c. | Pin 8 | - | - |

Technical Data • Individual Components

| ST4 Supply |  | Connection Cable Wire Ccolors | Socket Housing Assignment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| +24 VDC supply | Pin 1 | Red | +24 VDC |
| Shielding | Pin 2 | Gray | Plug housing (outer shield) |
| Ground | Pin 3 | Black | GND |
| n.c. | Pin 4 | - | - |
| ST5 Ethernet RJ45 Connector |  | Connection Cable Wire Ccolors | Socket Housing Assignment |
| TX | Pin 1 | Green | Pin 1 |
| TX | Pin 2 | Yellow | Pin 4 |
| RX | Pin 3 | Pink | Pin 2 |
| n.c. | Pin 4 | - | - |
| n.c. | Pin 5 | - | - |
| $\overline{\mathrm{RX}}$ | Pin 6 | Blue | Pin 3 |
| n.c. | Pin 7 | - | - |
| n.c. | Pin 8 | - | - |
| Shielding | - | Shielding | Ethernet shield |
| ST6 CAN, 5-pin Male Connector |  | Connection Cable Wire Ccolors | Socket Housing Assignment |
| CAN 1 High | Pin 1 | White | Pin 1 |
| CAN 1 Low | Pin 2 | Orange | Pin 4 |
| Shielding | Pin 3 | Black | CAN shield |
| CAN 2 High | Pin 4 | Yellow | Pin 2 |
| CAN 2 Low | Pin 5 | Green | Pin 3 |

## Technical Data • Individual Components

### 3.4 Switching Cabinet Cable Crossover

The pin assignments for the Ethernet plug (crossover) make it possible to connect directly to a B\&R controller e.g. CP360 or to the first Ethernet connection (MDIX) on the B\&R Ethernet Hub AC808 (Mod.No. OAC808.9).

If a different Ethernet hub is being used, it must be able to support the crossover of the RX and TX lines.


Figure 34: Mobile Panel switching cabinet cable 5CAMPC.0020-00
The switching cabinet cable is required for the wiring inside the switching cabinet.
The surface is protected against water, oil (protected against lubricating and hydraulic oils according to EN 60811 section 2-1) and cooling lubricant.

The connection housing is used to connect the switching cabinet cable to the switching cabinet door (see figure 36 "Drilling template for the switching cabinet socket" on Page 72). The other end of the switching cabinet cable has a pre-made RJ45 Ethernet plug. The rest of the lines have an open end with wire tip sleeves. This makes it easier to wire the cable to safety equipment and the other connections.

## Information:

The seal, which is attached to the connection housing, must be placed between the connection housing and the switching cabinet door.

### 3.4.1 Shielding in the Switching Cabinet

The supply cable pair has a shield conductor (gray wire - see section 3.4.3 "Cable Specifications" on Page 70) which must be connected to an object in the switching cabinet with ground potential.

The CAN cable pair also has a shield conductor (black wire - see section 3.4.3 "Cable Specifications" on Page 70) that must be attached to the CAN bus shield.

## Information:

The Ethernet plug has a shielding and can therefore only be connected to a socket which is also shielded.

### 3.4.2 Technical Data

## Information:

The following characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for these individual components and can deviate from those for the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, these individual components are used, the data given for the entire device is valid.

| Features | 5CAMPC.0020-00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Length and Tolerance | 2 meters $\pm 5 \mathrm{~cm}$ |
| Connector Industrial Socket | Connection housing with socket insert |
| Cables <br> Total Diameter Weight per Meter Shielding Material Available Lengths Minimum Flex Radius Supply Lines Permissible Operating Voltage Material Conductor Resistance Maximum Tension Stress Color |  |
| Cable Elements Network Enable Switch $2 \times$ CAN Bus Entry Devices Power Supply Serial Connection (RxD, TxD) | Twisted pair cable for Ethernet ( $10 / 100 \mathrm{MBit} / \mathrm{s}$ ) (4-wire) <br> Direct connection between the enable switch and the monitoring device ( 6 -wire) <br> 2 pairs with shielding ( 5 -wire) <br> Direct connection between the entry device and the monitoring device (6-wire) Supply voltage 24 VDC and ground (3-wire) <br> 3 Wires |
| Environment |  |
| Permissible Operating Temperature Non-moving State Moving State | $\begin{aligned} & -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } 60^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |
| Standards | Flame retardant in accordance with IEC 60332-1 and VW1 / FT1 in accordance with C-UL Shield damping in accordance with IEC 60096-1, amendment 2 <br> Mechanical characteristics according to DIN VDE 0472 section 603 test type H ( 100000 cycles) Oil resistant, hydrolysis resistant according to DIN VDE 0282 section 10 |

Table 25: Technical data for the switching cabinet cable 5CAMPC.0020-00

## Technical Data • Individual Components

### 3.4.3 Cable Specifications



Figure 35: Cable layout for the switching cabinet cable

| Connection Housing Assignment | Switching Cabinet Cable Wire Color | Enable Switch Wires |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | Brown | C1 |
| A3 | White | N01 |
| B2 | violet | NC1 |
| C1 | Black | C2 |
| C3 | Red | NO2 |
| D2 | Blue | NC2 |
| Connection Housing Assignment | Switching Cabinet Cable Wire Color | RS232 Wires |
| J1 | Pink | RXD |
| J3 | Gray | TxD |
| K2 | White-Yellow | GND |
| Connection Housing Assignment | Switching Cabinet Cable Wire Color | Entry Device Wires |
| E1 | Gray-Pink | E-stop normally closed contact 1 (11) |
| E3 | White-Green | E-stop normally closed contact 1 (12) |
| G1 | Brown-Green | E-stop normally closed contact 2 (21) |
| G3 | Red-Blue | E-stop normally closed contact 2 (22) |
| F2 | Yellow | Key switch (13) |
| H2 | Green | Key switch (14) |


| Connection Housing <br> Assignment | Switching Cabinet Cable Wire Color | Supply Wires |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| GND | Black | Ground |
| +24 VDC | Red | +24 VDC supply |
| Plug housing (outer shield) | Gray | Shielding |
| Connection Housing <br> Assignment | Switching Cabinet Cable Wire Color | Ethernet RJ45 Plug |
| Pin 1 | Green | Pin 3 (RX) |
| Pin 2 | Pink | Pin $1(\mathrm{TX})$ |
| Pin 3 | Ylue | Pin 2 (TX) |
| Pin 4 | Shielding | Pin 6 ( $\overline{\mathrm{RX})}$ |
| Ethernet shield | Switching Cabinet Cable Wire Color | CAN Wires |
| Connection Housing <br> Assignment | White | CAN 1 High |
| Pin 1 | Yellow | CAN 2 High |
| Pin 2 | Green | CAN 2 Low |
| Pin 3 | Orange | CAN 1 Low |
| Pin 4 | Black | Shielding |
| CAN shield |  |  |

## Information:

When installing the switching cabinet cable, make sure that it is not too loose or pulled too tight in the switching cabinet.

### 3.4.4 Drilling Template for the Connection Housing

A cutout and drill holes must be made according to the following diagram for mounting the connection housing (e.g. to a switching cabinet door).


Figure 36: Drilling template for the switching cabinet socket

### 3.5 Switching Cabinet Cable - Straight Through

The pin assignments for the Ethernet plug (1:1) make it possible to connect directly to a standard Ethernet Hub.

If the first Ethernet connection on B\&R Ethernet Hub AC808 (Mod.No. 0AC808.9) is used, make sure that the crossover (MDIX) is not activated.


Figure 37: Mobile Panel switching cabinet cable 5CAMPC.0020-01
The switching cabinet cable is required for the wiring inside the switching cabinet.
The surface is protected against water, oil (protected against lubricating and hydraulic oils according to EN 60811 section 2-1) and cooling lubricant.

The connection housing is used to connect the switching cabinet cable to the switching cabinet door (see figure 39 "Drilling template for the switching cabinet socket" on Page 77). The other end of the switching cabinet cable has a pre-made RJ45 Ethernet plug. The rest of the lines have an open end with wire tip sleeves. This makes it easier to wire the cable to safety equipment and the other connections.

## Information:

The seal, which is attached to the connection housing, must be placed between the connection housing and the switching cabinet door.

### 3.5.1 Shielding in the Switching Cabinet

The supply cable pair has a shield conductor (gray wire - see section 3.5.3 "Cable Specifications" on Page 75) which must be connected to an object in the switching cabinet with ground potential.

The CAN cable pair also has a shield conductor (black wire - see section 3.5.3 "Cable Specifications" on Page 75) that must be attached to the CAN bus shield.

## Technical Data • Individual Components

## Information:

The Ethernet plug has a shielding and can therefore only be connected to a socket which is also shielded.

### 3.5.2 Technical Data

## Information:

The following characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for these individual components and can deviate from those for the entire device. For the entire device in which, for example, these individual components are used, the data given for the entire device is valid.

| Features | 5CAMPC.0020-01 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Length and Tolerance | 2 meters $\pm 5 \mathrm{~cm}$ |
| Connector <br> Industrial Socket | Connection housing with socket insert |

Table 26: Technical data for the switching cabinet cable 5CAMPC.0020-01

## 3．5．3 Cable Specifications



Figure 38：Cable layout for the switching cabinet cable

| Connection Housing Assignment | Switching Cabinet Cable Wire Color | Enable Switch Wires |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | Brown | C1 |
| A3 | White | NO1 |
| B2 | Violet | NC1 |
| C1 | Black | C2 |
| C3 | Red | NO2 |
| D2 | Blue | NC2 |
| Connection Housing Assignment | Switching Cabinet Cable Wire Color | RS232 Wires |
| J1 | Pink | RXD |
| J3 | Gray | TxD |
| K2 | White－Yellow | GND |
| Connection Housing Assignment | Switching Cabinet Cable Wire Color | Entry Device Wires |
| E1 | Gray－Pink | E－stop normally closed contact 1 （11） |
| E3 | White－Green | E－stop normally closed contact 1 （12） |
| G1 | Brown－Green | E－stop normally closed contact 2 （21） |
| G3 | Red－Blue | E－stop normally closed contact 2 （22） |
| F2 | Yellow | Key switch（13） |
| H2 | Green | Key switch（14） |

Technical Data • Individual Components

| Connection Housing Assignment | Switching Cabinet Cable Wire Color | Supply Wires |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GND | Black | Ground |
| + 24 VDC | Red | +24 VDC supply |
| Plug housing (outer shield) | Gray | Shielding |
| Connection Housing Assignment | Switching Cabinet Cable Wire Color | Ethernet RJ45 Plug |
| Pin 1 | Green | Pin 1 (TX) |
| Pin 2 | Pink | Pin 3 (RX) |
| Pin 3 | Blue | Pin $6(\overline{\mathrm{RX}})$ |
| Pin 4 | Yellow | Pin $2(\overline{\mathrm{TX}})$ |
| Ethernet shield | Shielding |  |
| Connection Housing Assignment | Switching Cabinet Cable Wire Color | CAN Wires |
| Pin 1 | White | CAN 1 High |
| Pin 2 | Yellow | CAN 2 High |
| Pin 3 | Green | CAN 2 Low |
| Pin 4 | Orange | CAN 1 Low |
| CAN shield | Black | Shielding |

## Information:

When installing the switching cabinet cable, make sure that it is not too loose or pulled too tight in the switching cabinet.

### 3.5.4 Drilling Template for the Connection Housing

A cutout and drilling holes must be made according to the following diagram for mounting the connection housing (e.g. to a switching cabinet door).


Figure 39: Drilling template for the switching cabinet socket

### 3.6 Wall Mount

The wall mount 4MPBRA.0000-00 is used for storing the Mobile Panel (operating unit + handle) together with the Mobile Panel connection cable and is only intended for upright, hanging installation.


Figure 40: Wall Mount 4MPBRA.0000-00

## Technical Data • Individual Components

Drilling holes for attaching the wall mount must be made in accordance with the diagram 41 "Wall mount 4MPBRA.0000-00 dimensions" on Page 79.

## Caution!

The mounting location for the wall mount should be selected so that the Mobile Panel is not directly subjected to sources of heat or sunlight when placed on it. The wall mount should also be positioned so that operation of the E-stop is not impaired.

## Danger!

When the Mobile Panel device is stored on its wall mount and located a in dangerous machine area, the connection cable and the switching cabinet cable must still be completely connected so that the E-stop button can be activated.

### 3.6.1 Technical Data

| Mechanics | 4MPBRA.0000-00 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Material <br> Paint, Color | St37 |
| Dimensions (WxHxD) | Powder-coated (semi gloss), similar to RAL 7016 |
| Weight | $140 \times 305 \times 109$ |

Table 27: Technical data 4MPBRA.0000-00

3．6．2 Dimensions


Figure 41：Wall mount 4MPBRA．0000－00 dimensions

## Technical Data • Individual Components

### 3.6.3 Storing the Mobile Panel Device

The following images illustrate the proper method for storing the Mobile Panel device in the wall mount.


Table 28: Storing the Mobile Panel device in the wall mount

### 3.7 Strapping Plug

The strapping plug is used to bridge the E-stop contact on the switching cabinet in the event that the Mobile Panel becomes unplugged. This plug is connected to the connection housing on the switching cabinet cable.

### 3.7.1 Order Data

| Model Number | Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4MPBYP.0000-00 | Strapping plug |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Table 29: Strapping plug order data

### 3.7.2 Technical Data

| Mechanics | 4MPBYP.0000-00 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Connector <br> Industrial Connector | Connection housing with pin insert |
| Dimensions (WxHxD) | $43 \times 80 \times 50$ |
| Weight | 170 grams |

Table 30: Technical data 4MPBYP.0000-00

### 3.7.3 Cable Layout



Figure 42: Cable layout for the strapping plug
In the strapping plug, both E-stop contacts E1-E3 as well as G1-G3 are connected with each other.

## Information:

When using the strapping plug, the two contacts for the key switch (F2, H2) are not connected with each other. They must be wired externally. If the Mobile Panel device is reconnected with the switching cabinet cable using a connection cable, the key switch could be triggered at two different positions (Mobile Panel + external wiring)!

## Chapter 3•Start-up / Operation

## 1. Commissioning from a Safety Point of View

In order to put the Mobile Panel device into operation, the E-stop function must first be acknowledged using the key switch. This causes the E-stop safety relay to begin monitoring the E -stop button. If this is not operated and the enable switch is pressed in the enable position or a safety door on the system is closed, then the main circuit contact, which has to be effected via external mandatory safeguards, is closed.

When the E-stop button is actuated, it becomes engaged. The E-stop monitoring device then shuts down the machine or system. A quarter turn clockwise releases the E-stop button once again. Releasing the E-stop button may not cause the machine to automatically begin running again. The E-stop action must first be acknowledged with the key switch before the machine or system can be put back into operation. Bypassing the key switch will be detected by the monitoring device.

The machine's safety circuit remains interrupted as long as the 3-step enable switch has not been pressed or the assembly's safety door has not been closed. The enable switch has three steps, but the enable signal is only passed on when it's set in the middle position. In other words, the enable switch must be pressed to the middle position in order for the Mobile Panel to carry out user commands (see also "Functionality" in "Enable Switch", on page 60).

### 1.1 Intended Use

The Mobile Panel device may only be used for the applications described in section "Introduction", on page 21.

## Information:

The responsibility for the correctness and functionality of the wiring, adherence to prescribed standards, and safety engineering rests solely with the project engineers.

## 2. Operating the Mobile Panel Device

## Caution!

- Make sure that cables are safely out of the way on the floor to prevent any tripping which may result in the Mobile Panel device falling to the ground.
- The Mobile Panel connection cable may not be pinched or come into contact with sharp corners, which would result in damage to the cable or its sheathing.
- Operating a Mobile Panel with a damaged connection or switching cabinet cable is not permitted.
- When not using the Mobile Panel, it should be safely stowed away on its wall mount. When the Mobile Panel device is stored on its wall mount, the connection cable must still be connected so that the E-stop button can be activated in dangerous machine areas.
- When laying down the Mobile Panel device for a short period of time, do not place it in such a way that its entry device could be damaged or where it may inadvertently trigger an action. Also, do not place it on unstable surfaces where it may fall. It should never be placed near heat sources or in direct sunlight.
- Although the Mobile Panel device has been designed for use in harsh industrial environments, it should still not come into contact with large amounts of dust or humidity, excessive mechanical shocks, or strong magnetic fields.
- The touch screen may not be operated with sharp objects such as ballpoint pens, knives, screwdrivers, etc. These objects will permanently damage the touch screen. The ideal object for operating the touch screen is the touch screen pen (see "Touch Screen Pen", on page 30). Operating the touch screen with a finger is also allowed.
- When operating the touch screen, only one point at a time be touched. Touching several places at once can cause unintended actions.
- Do not place object on top of the touch screen.
- If the Mobile Panel device has sustained a severe shock (e.g. if it has fallen), then the CF / USB cover fitting must be checked directly afterwards. If a Compact Flash card had been inserted into the Compact Flash slot at the time of impact, then this fitting must be checked as well. The safety features on the Mobile Panel must also be inspected (E-stop button, key switch, enable switch).


## Caution!

Pressing several function or system keys at the same time may trigger unintended actions.

## Information:

- Protective coverings on the device, housing screws, and damage to the housing and cables should all be checked periodically.
- For instructions on cleaning the Mobile Panel device, see "Cleaning", on page 135.


## 3. Recommended Monitoring Devices

B\&R recommends using PNOZ e1.1p or PNOZ e2.1p safety relays from the Pilz company (www.pilz.com) in order to achieve Safety Category 4 in accordance with EN 954-1. As a monitoring device for the E-stop button, the PNOZ e1.1p can be used for safety circuits up to Safety Category 4 according to EN 954-1. It is imperative to use the PNOZ e2.1p as a monitoring device for the enable switch for safety circuits up to Category 4 (EN 954-1).


Figure 43: Pilz PNOZ e1.1p (left) and Pilz PONZ e2.1p (right)

## Warning!

If EN 954-1 Safety Categories 2, 3, and 4 are not necessary, safeguards can be switched directly on the E-stop circuit for Categories B and 1. When doing so, be aware of EN 954-1 and EN ISO 13849-2 guidelines as well as the max. permitted current load on the E-stop button and the key switch! More information can be found in the section 3.3 "Current Load of the Enable Switch and Entry Device Circuit" on Page 92.

## Start-up / Operation • Recommended Monitoring Devices

### 3.1 Connection Examples for the E-stop and Key Switch

## Warning!

The highest safety category that can be reached for an entire system is always determined by the lowest safety circuit category being used.

### 3.1.1 Connection Example for Safety Circuits up to EN 954-1 Category 4

This circuit has two channels which monitor starts and detects short circuits and ground faults. Errors in the safety circuit, and errors or short circuits in the E-stop button are recognized.


Figure 44: Connection example for safety circuits up to EN 954-1 Category 4

## Warning!

All K1 and K2 contacts must be positively driven.

## Danger!

To guarantee EN418 and Safety Category 4 accordance with EN 954-1, the instructions for the monitoring device being used must be followed.

## Start-up / Operation •Recommended Monitoring Devices

### 3.1.2 Connection Example for Safety Circuits up to EN 954-1 Category 1

This switch has one channel. Ground faults are recognized.


Figure 45: Connection example for safety circuits up to EN 954-1 Category 1

## Warning!

Pay attention to the max. permitted current load of the E-stop button, the key switch, and the enable switch! More information can be found in the section 3.3 "Current Load of the Enable Switch and Entry Device Circuit" on Page 92.

The Mobile Panel device should never be operated while the functions which protect the Mobile Panel device are out of order!

### 3.2 Connection Example for the Enable Switch

## Warning!

The highest safety category that can be reached for an entire system is always determined by the lowest safety circuit category being used.

### 3.2.1 Connection Example for Safety Circuits up to EN 954-1 Category 4



Figure 46: Connection example for using in safety circuits up to Category 4 in accordance with EN 954-1 with Pilz PNOZ e2.1p safety relay (with cross connection detection and simultaneous operation monitoring)

## Warning!

All K3 and K4 contacts must be positively driven.

## Danger!

To guarantee EN418 and Safety Category 4 accordance with EN 954-1, the instructions for the monitoring device being used must be followed.

## Start-up / Operation • Recommended Monitoring Devices

### 3.3 Current Load of the Enable Switch and Entry Device Circuit



Figure 47: Current load of the enable switch and entry device circuit
The limit values in the following table result from the different current loads of the components in the enable switch and entry device circuit (circuit boards, cables, buttons, etc.). These values apply beginning from the start of the cable in the switching cabinet (switching cabinet cable) to the respective safety feature or unit (key switch, E-stop button, and enable switch) on the operator panel or handle.

|  | Max. current load | Max. voltage |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| E-stop circuit | 0.4 A | 32 VDC |
| Key switch circuit | 0.1 A | 32 VDC |
| Enable switch circuit (adhere to Category | 0.4 A | 30 VDC |
| AC12/DC12) |  |  |

Table 31: Current load of the enable switch and entry device circuit

## Information:

If wanting to use an additional fuse to protect a circuit, then the following fuse types should be used for the respective circuits:

E-stop circuit: 0.4 A slow-blow glass tube fuse
Key switch circuit: 0.1 A slow-blow glass tube fuse Enable switch circuit: 0.4 A slow-blow glass tube fuse

## Chapter $4 \cdot$ Software

## 1. Mobile Panel with Automation Runtime

### 1.1 General Information

B\&R Automation Runtime guarantees a uniform runtime environment for Automation Studio programs on all target systems. This assures uniform programming and operation on all devices.

Automation Runtime ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ possesses a multitasking operating system adapted especially for use with control technology. The cycle time for your application can be separated among several task classes. Automation Runtime ensures that all application programs are executed within defined time periods, proving itself to be a configurable, deterministic real-time multitasking system.

An extensive project can be divided into small individual tasks. This way of working increases modularity and makes it much easier to maintain projects.

## Software • Mobile Panel with Automation Runtime

### 1.2 Control and Visualization with the Mobile Panel

Both the control program and the visualization application run on the Mobile Panel. I/O peripherals and drives are connected via the CAN bus. Communication to higher-level systems is handled by Ethernet.


Figure 48: Control and visualization with the Mobile Panel

### 1.3 Operation and Monitoring with the Mobile Panel

Control programs are distributed and run over several PLC stations. Fieldbus systems are used to connect I/O systems and drives to the PLCs. Machine operation and visualization take place on a central Mobile Panel, which uses Ethernet to communicate with the controllers.


Figure 49: Operation and monitoring with the Mobile Panel

### 1.4 Summary Screen

When the Mobile Panel device is turned on, a summary screen is briefly displayed which shows the parameters most important to an Automation Runtime Mobile Panel device.

## Information:

The following image and description refer only to Automation Runtime V2.66. For this reason, this image may not match with Automation Runtime version installed on your device.

## Software • Mobile Panel with Automation Runtime



Figure 50: Automation Runtime summary screen

| Information | Example value | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Version | 03 | Displays the factory settings version. These factory settings determine the device ID, display ID, display-specific initialization sequences, and other important parameters. <br> Information: <br> Factory settings are set by $B \& R$ and cannot be changed by the user! |
| DevicelD | 1697 | Displays the hexadecimal value of the hardware device number. |
| CompatibilityID | 00 | Displays the version of the device within the same B\&R device code. This ID is needed for Automation Runtime. |
| Brightness (min / typ / max) | D5 EA FF | Displays the minimum, typical, and maximum values for the brightness settings of the display as hexadecimal values. |
| Contrast (min / typ / max) | 0046 FF | Displays the minimum, typical, and maximum values for the contrast settings of the display as hexadecimal values. |
| Mode/Node | 00 | Displays the current operating mode switch positions. |
| MAC Address | 00:60:65:00:C6:A7 | Displays the assigned media access control (MAC) address. |
| BootLoader | 2.07 | Displays the version of the boot loader. |
| HW-Layer | 1.2.0 | Displays the version of the hardware layer. |
| Onboard AR | V2.66 | Displays the current onboard Automation Runtime version. |
| SMC Version | AD | Displays the current SMC (system management controller) software version. |

Table 32: Automation Runtime summary screen

## 2. Mobile Panel with Windows CE

## Microsoft ${ }^{*}$



## WindowsCE.net

### 2.1 General Information

Windows CE is an operating system which is optimally tailored to B\&R's Mobile Panel device. It includes only the functions and modules which are required by each device. This makes this operating system extremely robust and stable.

Advantages

- Windows CE is a 32-bit operating system with multitasking and multithreading capabilities.
- In addition to being compact, it even offers high performance for configurations with limited RAM.
- Windows CE is best suited for integrated automation used in industrial systems.
- Windows CE is also less expensive than other Windows licenses.

The Windows CE version available from B\&R has been developed for Mobile Panel BIOS devices and is only available with a Mobile Panel BIOS device.

### 2.2 Requirements

The Mobile Panel device must meet the following criteria to run the Windows CE operating system.

- Mobile Panel device with BIOS
- At least 128 MB SDRAM main memory


### 2.3 Installation

Windows CE is usually preinstalled at B\&R Austria.

### 2.4 Serial ActiveSync Connection

In order to establish a serial connection between a Mobile Panel CE device and a desktop PC, an RS232 cable needs to be connected correctly.

## Information:

Serial ActiveSync connections are offered on Mobile Panel devices beginning with Revision CO.


Figure 51: Directions for establishing an ActiveSync connection
The three ends of the RS232 Mobile Panel switching cabinet cable (grey, pink, and yellow-white) must be connected to a 9-bin DSUB socket as shown in the above image. Some of the pins of the 9-pin DSUB socket must be connected with each other as well.

Additional information can also be found in the B\&R Windows CE help system.

### 2.5 Mobile Panel as a Thin Client

The Mobile Panel with the Windows CE operating system is connected as a thin client to an industrial PC with Windows XP Professional/Embedded via Ethernet. The control program runs on the industrial PC, and I/O peripherals and drives are connected to the industrial PC via a fieldbus.


Figure 52: Mobile Panel as a thin client

## 3. Mobile Panel with Windows XP Embedded

## Microsoft Windowsxp Embedded

### 3.1 General Information

Windows XP Embedded is the most modularized version of the Windows XP Professional desktop operating system and makes it possible to quickly develop reliable and advanced embedded devices. Windows XP Embedded is based on the same binary files as Windows XP Professional and is optimally tailored to the hardware being used. In other words, only the functions and modules which are required by the respective device are included. Windows XP Embedded is also based on the same reliable code as Windows XP Professional. It provides industry with leading reliability, improvements in security and performance, and the latest technology for Web browsing and extensive device support.

The Windows XP Embedded version available from B\&R has been developed for Mobile Panel BIOS devices and is only available with a Mobile Panel BIOS device.

### 3.2 Requirements

The Mobile Panel device must meet the following criteria to run the Windows XP Embedded operating system.

- Mobile Panel device with BIOS
- At least 128 MB RAM


### 3.3 Installation Procedures

Windows XP Embedded is usually preinstalled at B\&R Austria on a suitable Compact Flash card ( 256 MB ). The Mobile Panel device is then automatically configured after it has been switched on for the first time. This procedure takes approximately 30 minutes, and the device will be rebooted a number of times.

A short guide to creating individual Windows XP Embedded images and a suitable Target Designer export file for Mobile Panel BIOS devices can be found on the HMI Drivers \& Utilities CD-ROM (model number 5S0000.01-090 for version 1.49 or higher) or directly downloaded from the B\&R homepage (www.br-automation.com).

## Chapter 5•Standards and Certifications

## 1. Valid European Guidelines

- EMC guidelines 89/336/EWG
- Low-voltage guidelines $73 / 23 / E W G$
- Machine guidelines 98/37/EG


## 2. Overview of Standards

| Standard | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| EN 418 | Safety of machines, E-stop equipment, functional aspects, design principles |
| EN 50081-1 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), Generic standard - emission standard - Part 1: Living area, <br> shops and small businesses, (EN 50081-1 has been replaced by EN 61000-6-3 and can be used until <br> 01.07.2004) |
| EN 50081-2 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), Generic standard - emission standard - Part 2: Industrial <br> environments, (EN 50081-2 will be replaced by EN 61000-6-4 and can still be used until 01.07.2004) |
| EN 50082-1 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), Generic standard - immunity standard - Part 1: Living area, <br> shops and small businesses, (EN 50082-1 was replaced by EN 61000-6-1) |
| EN 50082-2 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Generic standard - immunity standard - Part 2: Industrial <br> environments, (EN 50082-2 has been replaced by EN 61000-6-2) |
| EN 55011 <br> Class A | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), radio disturbance product standard, industrial, scientific and <br> medical high-frequency devices (ISM devices), limit values and measurement procedure; group 1 <br> (devices that do not create HF during material processing) and group 2 (devices that create HF during <br> material processing) |
| EN 55022 <br> Class A | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - radio disturbance characteristics product standard; information <br> technology equipment (ITE devices), limit values and measuring procedure |
| EN 55024 |  |
| Class A |  |$\quad$| Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), immunity to disturbances product standard; information |
| :--- |
| technology equipment (ITE devices), limit values and measuring procedure |,

Table 33: Overview of standards

## Standards and Certifications• Overview of Standards

| Standard | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| EN 60068-2-31 | Environmental testing - Section 2: Tests; test: Toppling and knocking over, mainly for devices |
| EN 60068-2-32 | Environmental testing - Section 2: Tests; test: Free falling |
| EN 60204-1 | Safety of machinery, electrical equipment on machines - Part 1: General requirements |
| EN 60721-1 | Classification of environmental conditions - Section 1: Preferred values for variables |
| EN 60721-3-2 | Classification of environmental conditions - Section 3: Classes of environmental variables and their limits, section 2: Transport |
| EN 60721-3-3 | Classification of environmental conditions - Section 3: Classes of environmental variables and their limits, section 3: Fixed location use, weather-protected |
| EN 61000-4-2 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Section 4-2: Testing and measuring procedure; testing the immunity against discharge of static electricity |
| EN 61000-4-3 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Section 4-3: Testing and measuring procedure; testing immunity to high frequency electromagnetic fields |
| EN 61000-4-4 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Section 4-4: Testing and measuring procedure; testing the immunity to fast transient electrical disturbances/burst |
| EN 61000-4-5 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Section 4-5: Testing and measuring procedure; testing immunity to surge voltages |
| EN 61000-4-6 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Section 4-6: Testing and measuring procedure; immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by high-frequency fields |
| EN 61000-4-8 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Section 4-8: Testing and measuring procedure; testing the immunity against magnetic fields with energy technology frequencies |
| EN 61000-4-11 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Section 4-11: Testing and measuring procedure; testing the immunity against voltage dips, short-term interruptions and voltage fluctuations |
| EN 61000-4-12 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Section 4-12: Testing and measuring procedure; testing immunity to damped oscillation |
| EN 61000-6-1 <br> (EN 50082-1) | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), Generic standard - immunity standard - Part 1: Living areas, shops and small businesses (EN 50082-1 was replaced by EN 61000-6-1) |
| EN 61000-6-2 <br> (EN 50082-2) | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Generic standard - immunity standard - Part 2: Industrial environment, (EN 50082-2 has been replaced by EN 61000-6-2) |
| EN 61000-6-3 <br> (EN 50081-1) | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), Generic standard - emission standard - Part 1: Living areas, shops and small businesses (EN 50081-1 has been replaced by EN 61000-6-3 and can be used until 01.07.2004) |
| EN 61000-6-4 <br> (EN 50081-2) | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), Generic standard - emission standard - Part 2: Industrial environment, (EN 50081-2 will be replaced by EN 61000-6-4 and can still be used until 01.07.2004) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { EN 61131-2 } \\ & \text { IEC 61131-2 } \end{aligned}$ | Product standard, Programmable logic controllers - Part 2: Equipment requirements and tests |
| EN 61508-1 | Functional safety safety related electrical/electronic/programmable electronic systems - Part 1: General requirements |
| EN 61508-2 | Functional safety safety related electrical/electronic/programmable electronic systems - Part 2: Demands on safety related electrical/electronic/programmable electronic systems |
| EN 954-1 | Safety of machinery - safety-related parts of control systems <br> - Part 1: General design principles ${ }^{1)}$ |
| UL 508 | Industrial Control Equipment, (UL = Underwriters Laboratories) |

## Table 33: Overview of standards (cont.)

1) Government safety organization: The sample test for the category 4 E -stop and enable switch parts according to $\mathrm{EN} 954-1$ is in preparation.

## 3. Requirements for Emissions (Emission)

| Emission | Test carried out according to | Limit values according to |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Network related emissions | EN 55011 / EN 55022 | EN 61000-6-4: Generic standard (industrial area) |
|  |  | EN 55011: Industrial product standard, scientific and medical highfrequency devices (ISM devices) class A (industrial area) |
|  |  | EN 55022: Product standard equipment for Information Technology (ITE devices) class A (industrial area) |
|  |  | EN 61131-2: Product standard programmable logic controller |
| Electromagnetic Emissions | EN 55011 / EN 55022 | EN 61000-6-4: Generic standard (industrial area) |
|  |  | EN 55011: Industrial product standard, scientific and medical highfrequency devices (ISM devices) class A (industrial area) |
|  |  | EN 55022: Product standard equipment for Information Technology (ITE devices) class A (industrial area) |
|  |  | EN 61131-2: Product standard programmable logic controller |
|  |  | 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart B class A (FCC) |

Table 34: Overview of limits and testing guidelines for emission

### 3.1 Network Related Emissions

| Test carried out according to EN 55011 / EN 55022 | Limit values according to EN 61000-6-3 | Limit values according to EN 55011 class A | Limit values according to EN 55022 class A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power Mains Connections 150 kHz - 500 kHz | $79 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V})$ Quasi-peak Value $66 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V})$ Average | $\begin{gathered} 79 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V}) \\ \text { Quasi-peak Value } \\ 66 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V}) \\ \text { Average } \end{gathered}$ | $79 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V})$ Quasi-peak Value $66 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V})$ Average |
| Power Mains Connections $500 \mathrm{kHz}-30 \mathrm{MHz}$ | $\begin{gathered} 73 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V}) \\ \text { Quasi-peak Value } \\ 60 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V}) \\ \text { Average } \end{gathered}$ | $73 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V})$ Quasi-peak Value $60 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V})$ Average | $73 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V})$ Quasi-peak Value $60 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V})$ Average |
| Other Connections 150 kHz - 500 kHz | $\begin{gathered} 97-87 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V}) \text { and } \\ 53-43 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~A}) \\ \text { Quasi-peak Value } \\ 84-74 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V}) \text { and } \\ 40-30 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~A}) \\ \text { Average } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 97-87 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V}) \text { and } \\ 53-43 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~A}) \\ \text { Quasi-peak Value } \\ 84-74 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V}) \text { and } \\ 40-30 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~A}) \\ \text { Average } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 97-87 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V}) \text { and } \\ 53-43 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~A}) \\ \text { Quasi-peak Value } \\ 84-74 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V}) \text { and } \\ 40-30 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~A}) \\ \text { Average } \end{gathered}$ |
| Other Connections $500 \mathrm{kHz}-30 \mathrm{MHz}$ | $\begin{gathered} 87 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V}) \text { and } 43 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~A}) \\ \text { Quasi-peak Value } \\ 74 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V}) \text { and } 30 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~A}) \\ \text { Average } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 87 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V}) \text { and } 43 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~A}) \\ \text { Quasi-peak Value } \\ 74 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V}) \text { and } 30 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~A}) \\ \text { Average } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 87 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V}) \text { and } 43 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~A}) \\ \text { Quasi-peak Value } \\ 74 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V}) \text { and } 30 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~A}) \\ \text { Average } \end{gathered}$ |
| Test carried out according to EN 55011 / EN 55022 | Limit values according to EN 61131-2 |  |  |
| Power Mains Connections ${ }^{1)}$ 150 kHz - 500 kHz | $79 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V})$ Quasi-peak Value $66 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V})$ Average |  |  |

Table 35: Test requirement network related emission industrial area

## Standards and Certifications • Requirements for Emissions (Emission)

| Power Mains Connections <br> $500 \mathrm{kHz}-30 \mathrm{MHz}$ | $73 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V})$ <br> Quasi-peak Value <br> $60 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V})$ <br> Average |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Other Connections <br> $150 \mathrm{kHz}-500 \mathrm{kHz}$ | - |  |  |
| Other Connections <br> $500 \mathrm{kHz}-30 \mathrm{MHz}$ | - |  |  |

Table 35: Test requirement network related emission industrial area (cont.)

1) With EN 61131-2 only AC network connections.

### 3.2 Electromagnetic Emissions

| Test carried out according to <br> EN $55011 /$ EN 55022 | Limit values according to <br> IEC $61000-6-4$ | Limit values according to <br> EN 55011 class A | Limit values according to <br> EN 55022 class A |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $30 \mathrm{MHz}-230 \mathrm{MHz}$ <br> Measured in 10 m distances | $<40 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m})$ <br> Quasi-peak Value | $<40 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m})$ <br> Quasi-peak Value | $<40 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m})$ <br> Quasi-peak Value |
| $230 \mathrm{MHz}-1 \mathrm{GHz}$ <br> Measured in 10 m distances | $<47 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m})$ <br> Quasi-peak Value | $<47 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m})$ <br> Quasi-peak Value | $<47 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m})$ <br> Quasi-peak Value |
| Test carried out according to <br> EN $55011 /$ EN 55022 | Limit values according to <br> EN $61131-2$ |  |  |
| $30 \mathrm{MHz}-230 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  |  |  |
| Measured in 10 m distances | $<40 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m})$ <br> Quasi-peak Value |  |  |
| $230 \mathrm{MHz}-1 \mathrm{GHz}$ <br> Measured in 10 m distances | $<47 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m})$ <br> Quasi-peak Value |  |  |

Table 36: : Test requirement electromagnetic emissions industrial area

## 4. Requirements for Immunity to Disturbances (Immunity)

| Immunity | Test carried out according to | Limit values according to |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Electrostatic discharge (ESD) | EN 61000-4-2 | EN 61000-6-2: Generic standard (industry) |
|  |  | EN 61131-2: Product standard programmable logic controller |
|  |  | EN 55024: Product standard equipment for Information Technology (ITE devices) |
| Immunity to high-frequency electromagnetic fields (HF field) | EN 61000-4-3 | EN 61000-6-2: Generic standard (industry) |
|  |  | EN 61131-2: Product standard programmable logic controller |
|  |  | EN 55024: Product standard equipment for Information Technology (ITE devices) |
| Immunity to high-speed transient electrical disturbances (Burst) | EN 61000-4-4 | EN 61000-6-2: Generic standard (industry) |
|  |  | EN 61131-2: Product standard programmable logic controller |
|  |  | EN 55024: Product standard equipment for Information Technology (ITE devices) |
| Immunity to surge voltages (Surge) | EN 61000-4-5 | EN 61000-6-2: Generic standard (industry) |
|  |  | EN 61131-2: Product standard programmable logic controller |
|  |  | EN 55024: Product standard equipment for Information Technology (ITE devices) |
| Immunity to conducted disturbances | EN 61000-4-6 | EN 61000-6-2: Generic standard (industry) |
|  |  | EN 61131-2: Product standard programmable logic controller |
|  |  | EN 55024: Product standard equipment for Information Technology (ITE devices) |
| Immunity against magnetic fields with energy technical frequencies | EN 61000-4-8 | EN 61000-6-2: Generic standard (industry) |
|  |  | EN 61131-2: Product standard programmable logic controller |
|  |  | EN 55024: Product standard equipment for Information Technology (ITE devices) |
| Immunity to voltage dips, shortterm interruptions and voltage fluctuations | EN 61000-4-11 | EN 61000-6-2: Generic standard (industry) |
|  |  | EN 61131-2: Product standard programmable logic controller |
|  |  | EN 55024: Product standard equipment for Information Technology (ITE devices) |
| Immunity to damped oscillations | EN 61000-4-12 | EN 61000-6-2: Generic standard (industry) |
|  |  | EN 61131-2: Product standard programmable logic controller |
|  |  | EN 55024: Product standard equipment for Information Technology (ITE devices) |

Table 37: Overview of limits and testing guidelines for immunity

## Evaluation criteria according to EN 61000-6-2

## Criteria A:

The operating equipment must continue to work as directed during the test. There should be no interference in the operating behavior and no system failures below an minimum operating quality as defined by the manufacturer.

## Standards and Certifications • Requirements for Immunity to Disturbances

Criteria B:
The operating equipment must continue to work as directed after the test. There should be no interference in the operating behavior and no system failures below an minimum operating quality as defined by the manufacturer.

Criteria C:
A temporary function failure is permitted when the function restores itself, or the function can be restored by activating configuration and control elements.

Criteria D:
Reduction or failure of the function, which can no longer be established (operating equipment destroyed).

### 4.1 Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

| Test carried out according to EN 61000-4-2 | Limit values according to EN 61000-6-2 | Limit values according to EN 61131-2 | Limit values according to EN 55024 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contact discharge to powdercoated and bare metal housing parts | $\pm 4 \mathrm{kV}, 10$ discharges, Criteria B: | $\pm 4 \mathrm{kV}, 10$ discharges, Criteria B: | $\pm 4 \mathrm{kV}, 10$ discharges, Criteria B: |
| Discharge through the air to plastic housing parts | $\pm 8 \mathrm{kV}, 10$ discharges, Criteria B: | $\pm 8 \mathrm{kV}, 10$ discharges, Criteria B: | $\pm 8 \mathrm{kV}, 10$ discharges, Criteria B: |

Table 38: Test requirement electrostatic discharge (ESD)

### 4.2 High-frequency Electromagnetic Fields (HF field)

| Test carried out according to EN 61000-4-3 | Limit values according to EN 61000-6-2 | Limit values according to EN 61131-2 | Limit values according to EN 55024 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Housing, completely wired | $80 \mathrm{MHz}-1 \mathrm{GHz}, 10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}, 80 \%$ amplitude modulation with 1 kHz , length 3 seconds, criteria A | $80 \mathrm{MHz}-1 \mathrm{GHz}, 1.4-2 \mathrm{GHz}$, <br> $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}, 80 \%$ amplitude modulation with 1 kHz , length 3 seconds, criteria A $800-960 \mathrm{MHz}$ (GSM), $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$, pulse modulation with $50 \%$ duty cycle, criteria A | $80 \mathrm{MHz}-1 \mathrm{GHz}, 1.4-2 \mathrm{GHz}$, <br> $3 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}, 80 \%$ amplitude modulation with 1 kHz , length 3 seconds, criteria A |

Table 39: Test requirement high-frequency electromagnetic fields (HF field)

## Standards and Certifications • Requirements for Immunity to Disturbances

### 4.3 High-speed Transient Electrical Disturbances (Burst)

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|c|c|c|}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Test carried out according to } \\ \text { EN } 61000-4-4\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Limit values according to } \\ \text { EN } 61000-6-2\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Limit values according to } \\ \text { EN } 61131-2\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Limit values according to } \\ \text { EN } 55024\end{array} \\ \hline \text { AC power I/O } & \pm 2 \mathrm{kV} \text {, criteria B } & - & \pm 1 \mathrm{kV} \text {, criteria B }\end{array}\right]-\overline{-}$.

Table 40: Test requirement high-speed transient electrical disturbances (Burst)

1) For EN 55024 without length limitation.

### 4.4 Surge Voltages (Surge)

| Test carried out according to <br> EN $61000-4-5$ | Limit values according to <br> EN $61000-6-2$ | Limit values according to <br> EN $61131-2$ | Limit values according to <br> EN 55024 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AC power I/0, L to L | $\pm 1 \mathrm{kV}$, criteria B | $\pm 1 \mathrm{kV}$, criteria B | $\pm 1 \mathrm{kV}$, criteria B |
| AC power I/0, L to PE | $\pm 2 \mathrm{kV}$, criteria B | $\pm 2 \mathrm{kV}$, criteria B | $\pm 2 \mathrm{kV}$, criteria B |
| DC power I/0, L+ to L-, >10 m | $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{kV}$, criteria B | - | - |
| DC power I/0, L to PE, >10 m | $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{kV}$, criteria B | - | $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{kV}$, criteria B |
| DC power inputs, L+ to L- | - | $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{kV}$, criteria B | - |
| DC power inputs, L to PE | - | $\pm 1 \mathrm{kV}$, criteria B | - |
| DC power outputs, L+ to L- | - | $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{kV}$, criteria B | - |
| DC power outputs, L to PE | - | $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{kV}$, criteria B | - |
| Signal connections $>30 \mathrm{~m}$ | $\pm 1 \mathrm{kV}$, criteria B | $\pm 1 \mathrm{kV}$, criteria B | $\pm 1 \mathrm{kV}$, criteria B |
| All shielded cables | - | - |  |

Table 41: Test requirement surge voltages (Surge)

### 4.5 Conducted Disturbances

| Test carried out according to <br> EN $61000-4-6$ | Limit values according to <br> EN $61000-6-2$ | Limit values according to <br> EN $61131-2$ | Limit values according to <br> EN 55024 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AC power I/O | $150 \mathrm{kHz}-80 \mathrm{MHz}, 10 \mathrm{~V}, 80 \%$ <br> amplitude modulation with 1 kHz, <br> length 3 seconds, criteria A | $150 \mathrm{kHz}-80 \mathrm{MHz}, 3 \mathrm{~V}, 80 \%$ <br> amplitude modulation with 1 kHz, <br> length 3 seconds, criteria A | $150 \mathrm{kHz}-80 \mathrm{MHz}, 3 \mathrm{~V}, 80 \%$ <br> amplitude modulation with 1 kHz, <br> Criteria A |

Table 42: Test requirement conducted disturbances

## Standards and Certifications • Requirements for Immunity to Disturbances

| Test carried out according to <br> EN $61000-4-6$ | Limit values according to <br> EN $61000-6-2$ | Limit values according to <br> EN $61131-2$ | Limit values according to <br> EN 55024 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DC power I/O | $150 \mathrm{kHz}-80 \mathrm{MHz}, 10 \mathrm{~V}, 80 \%$ <br> amplitude modulation with 1 kHz, <br> length 3 seconds, criteria A | $150 \mathrm{kHz}-80 \mathrm{MHz}, 3 \mathrm{~V}, 80 \%$ <br> amplitude modulation with 1 kHz, <br> length 3 seconds, criteria A | $150 \mathrm{kHz}-80 \mathrm{MHz}, 3 \mathrm{~V}, 80 \%$ <br> amplitude modulation with 1 kHz, <br> Criteria A |
| Functional ground connections | $0,15-80 \mathrm{MHz}, 10 \mathrm{~V}, 80 \%$ <br> amplitude modulation with 1 kHz, <br> Length 3 seconds, criteria A | $150 \mathrm{kHz}-80 \mathrm{MHz}, 3 \mathrm{~V}, 80 \%$ <br> amplitude modulation with 1 kHz, <br> length 3 seconds, criteria A | - |
| Signal connections >3 m | $0,15-80 \mathrm{MHz}, 10 \mathrm{~V}, 80 \%$ <br> amplitude modulation with 1 kHz, <br> Length 3 seconds, criteria A | $150 \mathrm{kHz}-80 \mathrm{MHz}, 3 \mathrm{~V}, 80 \%$ <br> amplitude modulation with 1 kHz, <br> length 3 seconds, criteria A | $150 \mathrm{kHz}-80 \mathrm{MHz}, 3 \mathrm{~V}, 80 \%$ <br> amplitude modulation with 1 kHz, <br> Criteria A |

Table 42: Test requirement conducted disturbances (cont.)

### 4.6 Magnetic fields with energy technical frequencies

| Test carried out according to <br> EN $61000-4-8$ | Limit values according to <br> EN $61000-6-2$ | Limit values according to <br> EN $61131-2$ | Limit values according to <br> EN 55024 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Test direction $x$, test in the field of <br> an induction coil $1 \mathrm{~m} \times 1 \mathrm{~m}$ | $30 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m}$, criteria A | $30 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m}$, criteria A | $50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{criteria} \mathrm{A}$ |
| Test direction $y$, test in the field of <br> an induction coil $1 \mathrm{~m} \times 1 \mathrm{~m}$ | $30 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m}$, criteria A | $30 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m}$, criteria A | $50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m}$, criteria A |
| Test direction $z$, test in the field of <br> an induction coil $1 \mathrm{~m} \times 1 \mathrm{~m}$ | $30 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m}$, criteria A | $30 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m}$, criteria A | $50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m}$, criteria A |

Table 43: Test requirement magnetic fields with energy technical frequencies

### 4.7 Voltage dips, fluctuations and short-term interruptions

| Test carried out according to EN 61000-4-11 | Limit values according to EN 61000-6-2 | Limit values according to EN 61131-2 | Limit values according to EN 55024 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AC power inputs | Voltage drop $70 \%$ (30 \% reduction), 0.5 periods, criteria B | - | Voltage drop < $5 \%$ (> $95 \%$ reduction), 0.5 halfoscillations, criteria B |
| $A C$ power inputs | Voltage drop $40 \%$ (60 \% reduction), 5 periods, criteria C | - | Voltage drop $70 \%$ ( $30 \%$ reduction), 25 halfoscillations, criteria C |
| AC power inputs | Voltage drop $40 \%$ (60 \% reduction), 50 periods, criteria C | - | - |
| AC power inputs | Voltage Interruptions < $5 \%$ (> $95 \%$ reduction), 250 periods, criteria C | - | Voltage Interruptions < $5 \%$ (> $95 \%$ reduction), 250 half-oscillations, criteria C |
| $A C$ power inputs | - | 20 interruptions, 0.5 periods, criteria A | - |
| DC power inputs | - | 20 interruptions for 10 ms , <UN-15 \%, criteria A | - |

Table 44: Test requirement voltage dips, fluctuations and short-term interruptions

## Standards and Certifications • Requirements for Immunity to Disturbances

### 4.8 Damped Oscillations

| Test carried out according to <br> EN 61000-4-12 | Limit values according to <br> EN 61131-2 |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Power I/O, L to L | $\pm 1 \mathrm{kV}, 1 \mathrm{MHz}$, repeat rate <br> $400 /$ seconds, length 2 seconds, <br> connection lengths 2 m, criteria B |  |  |
| Power I/O, L to PE | $\pm 2.5 \mathrm{kV}, 1 \mathrm{MHz}$, repeat rate <br> $400 /$ seconds, length 2 seconds, <br> connection lengths 2 m, criteria B |  |  |

Table 45: Test requirement damped oscillations

## Standards and Certifications • Mechanical Conditions

## 5. Mechanical Conditions

| Vibration | Test carried out according to | Limit values according to |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vibration operation | EN 60068-2-6 | EN 61131-2: Programmable logic controllers |
| Vibration Transport | EN 60068-2-6 | EN 60721-3-2 class 2M1 |
|  |  | EN 60721-3-2 class 2M2 |
|  |  | EN 60721-3-2 class 2M3 |
| Shock Operation | EN 60068-2-27 | EN 61131-2: Programmable logic controllers |
|  |  | EN 60721-3-3 class 3M4 |
| Shock Transport (packed) | EN 60068-2-27 | EN 60721-3-2 class 2M1 |
|  |  | EN 60721-3-2 class 2M2 |
| Toppling | EN 60068-2-31 | EN 60721-3-2 class 2M1 |
|  |  | EN 60721-3-2 class 2M2 |
|  |  | EN 60721-3-2 class 2M3 |
| Free fall (packed) | EN 60068-2-32 | EN 61131-2: Programmable logic controllers |

Table 46: Overview of limits and testing guidelines for vibration

### 5.1 Vibration Operation

| Test carried out according to <br> EN 60068-2-6 | Limit values according to <br> EN 61131-2 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | 10 sweeps for each axis |  |  |  |
|  | Frequency | Limit value |  |  |
|  | $5-9 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | Amplitude <br> 3.5 mm |  |  |
|  | $9-150 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | Acceleration <br> 1 g |  |  |

Table 47: Test requirement vibration operation

### 5.2 Vibration Transport

| Test carried out according to EN 60068-2-6 | Limit values according to EN 60721-3-2 class 2M1 |  | Limit values according to EN 60721-3-2 class 2M2 |  | Limit values according to EN 60721-3-2 class 2M3 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vibration Transport: Uninterrupted duty with moveable frequency in all 3 axes ( $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{z}$ ) | 10 sweeps for each axis, packed |  | 10 sweeps for each axis, packed |  | 10 sweeps for each axis, packed |  |
|  | Frequency | Limit value | Frequency | Limit value | Frequency | Limit value |
|  | 2.9 Hz | Amplitude <br> 3.5 mm | 2.9 Hz | Amplitude 3.5 mm | 2 -8 Hz | Amplitude <br> $7,5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
|  | $9-200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | Acceleration 1 g | $9-200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | Acceleration 1 g | $8-200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | Acceleration 2 g |
|  | $200-500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | Acceleration $1.5 \mathrm{~g}$ | $200-500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | Acceleration 1.5 g | $200-500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | Acceleration 4 g |

Table 48: Test requirement vibration transport

### 5.3 Shock Operation

| Test carried out according to <br> EN 60068-2-27 | Limit values according to <br> EN 61131-2 | Limit values according to <br> EN 60721-3-3 class 3M4 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shock Operation: Pulse shaped <br> (half-sine) stress in all 3 axes ( $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$, <br> z) | Acceleration 15 g, <br> Length $11 \mathrm{~ms}, 18$ shocks | Acceleration 15 g, <br> Length 11 ms |  |

Table 49: Test requirement shock operation

### 5.4 Shock Transport (packed)

| Test carried out according to <br> EN 60068-2-27 | Limit values according to <br> EN 60721-3-2 class 2M1 | Limit values according to <br> EN 60721-3-2 class 2M2 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pulse shaped (half-sine) stress in <br> all 3 axes ( $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{z}$ ) | Acceleration 10 g, <br> Length 11 ms, each 3 shocks, <br> Packed | Acceleration 30 g, <br> Length 6 ms , each 3 shocks, <br> Packed |  |

Table 50: Test requirement shock transport

### 5.5 Toppling

| Test carried out according to <br> EN 60068-2-31 | Limit values according to <br> EN 60721-3-2 class 2M1 |  | Limit values according to <br> EN 60721-3-2 class 2M2 |  | Limit values according to <br> EN 60721-3-2 class 2M3 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Toppling and knocking over | Devices: Toppling/knocking over <br> on each edge | Devices: Toppling/knocking over <br> on each edge | Devices: Toppling/knocking over <br> on each edge |  |  |  |
|  | Weight | Required | Weight | Required | Weight | Required |
|  | $<20 \mathrm{~kg}$ | Yes | $<20 \mathrm{~kg}$ | Yes | $<20 \mathrm{~kg}$ | Yes |
|  | $20-100 \mathrm{~kg}$ | - | $20-100 \mathrm{~kg}$ | Yes | $20-100 \mathrm{~kg}$ | Yes |
|  | $>100 \mathrm{~kg}$ | - | $>100 \mathrm{~kg}$ | - | $>100 \mathrm{~kg}$ | Yes |

Table 51: Test requirement toppling

## Standards and Certifications • Climate Conditions

### 5.6 Free Fall (packed)

| Test carried out according to EN 60068-2-32 | Limit values according to EN 61131-2 |  | Limit values according to EN 60721-3-2 class 2M1 |  | Limit values according to EN 60721-3-2 class 2M2 |  | Limit values according to EN 60721-3-2 class 2M3 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Free Fall | Devices with delivery packaging each with 5 fall tests |  | Devices packed |  | Devices packed |  | Devices packed |  |
|  | Weight | Height | Weight | Height | Weight | Height | Weight | Height |
|  | < 10 kg | 1.0 m | <20 kg | 0.25 m | <20 kg | 1.2 m | <20 kg | 1.5 m |
|  | $10-40 \mathrm{~kg}$ | 0.5 m | $\begin{gathered} 20-100 \\ \mathrm{~kg} \end{gathered}$ | 0.25 m | $\begin{gathered} 20-100 \\ \mathrm{~kg} \end{gathered}$ | 1.0 m | $\begin{gathered} 20-100 \\ \mathrm{~kg} \end{gathered}$ | 1.2 m |
|  | >40 kg | 0.25 m | $>100 \mathrm{~kg}$ | 0.1 m | >100 kg | 0.25 m | $>100 \mathrm{~kg}$ | 0.5 m |
|  | Devices packaging fall | product <br> ch with 5 ts |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Weight | Height |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | <10 kg | 0.3 m |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $10-40 \mathrm{~kg}$ | 0.3 m |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $>40 \mathrm{~kg}$ | 0.25 m |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 52: Test requirement toppling

## 6. Climate Conditions

| Temperature and Humidity | Test carried out according to | Limit values according to |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Worst Case operation | UL 508 | UL 508: Industrial control equipment <br> EN 61131-2: Programmable logic controllers |
| Dry heat | EN 60068-2-2 | EN 61131-2: Programmable logic controllers |
| Dry cold | EN 60068-2-1 | EN 61131-2: Programmable logic controllers |
| Large temperature fluctuations | EN 60068-2-14 | EN 61131-2: Programmable logic controllers |
| Temperature fluctuations in <br> operation | EN 60068-2-14 | EN 61131-2: Programmable logic controllers |
| Humid heat, cyclical | EN 60068-2-30 | EN 61131-2: Programmable logic controllers |
| Humid heat, constant (storage) | EN 60068-2-3 | EN 61131-2: Programmable logic controllers |

Table 53: Overview limit value and test guideline standards temperature and humidity

## Standards and Certifications • Climate Conditions

### 6.1 Worst Case Operation

| Test performed <br> according to UL 508 | Limit values according to <br> UL 508 | Limit values according to <br> EN 61131-2 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Worst Case operation. Operation <br> of the device with, in accordance <br> with the data sheet, the maximum <br> specified environmental <br> temperature at the maximum <br> specified load | Max. environmental temperature <br> $\left(\right.$ min. $\left.+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ for 3 hours, length 5 <br> hours | Max. environmental temperature <br> $\left(\right.$ min. $\left.+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ for 3 hours, length 5 <br> hours |  |

Table 54: Test requirement worst case operation

### 6.2 Dry Heat

| Test carried out according to <br> EN 60068-2-2 | Limit values according to <br> EN 61131-2 |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Dry heat | 1 cycle $+70^{\circ}$ C for 16 hours, then <br> 1 hour acclimatization and testing <br> functions, length 17 hours |  |  |

Table 55: Test requirement dry heat

### 6.3 Dry Cold

| Test carried out according to <br> EN 60068-2-1 | Limit values according to <br> EN 61131-2 |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Dry cold | 1 cycle $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 16 hours, then 1 <br> hour acclimatization and testing <br> functions, length 17 hours |  |  |

Table 56: Test requirement dry cold

### 6.4 Large Temperature Fluctuations

| Test carried out according to <br> EN 60068-2-14 | Limit values according to <br> EN $61131-2$ |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Large temperature fluctuations | 2 cycles $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for each <br> hour, then 2 hours acclimatization <br> and testing of functions, length <br> 14 hours |  |  |

Table 57: Test requirement large temperature fluctuations

## Standards and Certifications • Further Limit Values

### 6.5 Temperature Fluctuations in Operation

| Test carried out according to <br> EN $60068-2-14$ | Limit values according to <br> EN $61131-2$ |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Open devices: These can also <br> have a housing and are installed in <br> the switching cabinet | 5 cycles $+5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for every 3 <br> hours, temperature gradient $3^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ <br> min, during the test, the device is <br> occasionally supplied with <br> voltage, length 30 hours |  |  |
| Closed devices: They are devices <br> which in accordance with the data <br> sheet have a enveloping enclosure <br> with the corresponding safety <br> precautions. | 5 cycles $+5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for every 3 <br> hours, temperature gradient $3^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ <br> min, during the test, the device is <br> occasionally supplied with <br> voltage, length 30 hours |  |  |

Table 58: Test requirement temperature fluctuations in operation

### 6.6 Humid Heat, Cyclical

| Test carried out according to EN 60068-2-30 | Limit values according to EN 61131-2 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alternating air-conditioning | 2 cycles $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $97 \%$ / $83 \%$ RH for every 24 hours, then 2 hours acclimatization as well as performing function and isolation tests, length 50 hours |  |  |

Table 59: Test requirement humid heat, cyclical

### 6.7 Humid Heat, Constant (storage)

| Test carried out according to <br> EN 60068-2-3 | Limit values according to <br> EN $61131-2$ |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Humid heat, constant (storage) | $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $92.5 \%$ RH for 48 h, <br> then within 3 hours isolation test, <br> length 49 hours |  |  |

Table 60: Test requirement humid heat, constant (storage)

## 7. Further Limit Values

| Safety | Test carried out according to | Limit values according to |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ground resistance | EN 61131-2 | EN 60204-1: Electrical equipment of machines |
|  |  | EN 61131-2: Programmable logic controllers |
| Insulation resistance |  | EN 60204-1: Electrical equipment of machines |
| High voltage | EN 60060-1 | EN 61131-2: Programmable logic controllers |
|  |  | UL 508: Industrial control equipment |

Table 61: Further Limit Values

| Safety | Test carried out according to | Limit values according to |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Residual voltage | EN 61131-2 | EN 60204-1: Electrical equipment of machines |
|  |  | EN 61131-2: Programmable logic controllers |
| Leakage current |  | VDE 0701-1: Service, changes and testing of electrical devices |
| Overload | UL 508 | EN 61131-2: Programmable logic controllers |
|  |  | UL 508: Industrial control equipment |
| Simulation component defect | UL 508 | EN 61131-2: Programmable logic controllers |
|  |  | UL 508: Industrial control equipment |
| Voltage range |  | EN 61131-2: Programmable logic controllers |

Table 61: Further Limit Values (cont.)

## Standards and Certifications • International Certifications

## 8. International Certifications

B\&R products and services comply with the applicable standards. They are international standards from organizations such as ISO, IEC and CENELEC, as well as national standards from organizations such as UL, CSA, FCC, VDE, ÖVE, etc. We give special consideration to the reliability of our products in an industrial environment.

| Certifications |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| USA and Canada | All important B\&R products are tested and listed by Underwriters Laboratories and are checked quarterly by a UL inspector. <br> This mark is valid for the USA and Canada and eases certification of your machines and systems in these areas. |
| Europe $\begin{aligned} & \star^{\star}{ }^{\star} \epsilon_{\star}^{\star}{ }_{\star}^{\star} \\ & \star{ }_{\star}^{\star} \end{aligned}$ | All harmonized EN standards for the valid guidelines are met. |

Table 62: International Certifications

### 8.1 BGFE Certificate

In preparation!

## 9. Standards and Definitions for Safety Technology

## Stop functions according to IEC 60204-1/11.98 (electrical equipment for machines, part 1: general requirements)

The following three stop function categories exist:

| Category | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | Stop by immediately switching off the power to the machine drive elements (i.e. uncontrolled stop). |
| 1 | A controlled stop, the power to the machine drive elements remains on until the stop procedure is completed. The power is switched <br> off after the stop is complete. |
| 2 | A controlled stop, the power to the machine drive elements is not switched off. |

Table 63: Overview of stop function categories
The necessary stop functions must be determined based on a risk evaluation for the machine. Stop functions in category 0 and category 1 must be able to function regardless of the operating mode. A category 0 stop must have priority. Stop functions must have priority over assigned start functions. Resetting the stop function is not allowed to cause a dangerous state.

## Emergency stops according to IEC 60204-1/11.98 (electrical equipment for machines, part 1: general requirements)

The following requirements are valid for emergency stops in addition to the requirements for the stop functions:

- It must have priority over all other functions and operations in all operating modes.
- The power to the machine drive elements which can cause a dangerous state must be switched off as quickly as possible without creating other dangers.
- Resetting is not allowed to cause a restart.
- The E-stop function must not reduce the effectiveness of the safety equipment or of equipment with safety-related functions.
- The E-stop function must not interfere with equipment designed to free personnel from dangerous situations.

Emergency stops must be category 0 or category 1 stop functions. The necessary stop function must be determined based on a risk evaluation for the machine.

## Standards and Certifications • Standards and Definitions for Safety Technology

When using a category 1 stop function for the emergency stop function, it must be guaranteed that the power to the machine drive elements is completely switched off. These elements must be switched off using electromechanical equipment ${ }^{11}$.

## Safety category according to EN 954-1/03.97 (safety of machines - safety related parts of control systems, part 1: general design principles) ${ }^{1)}$

The safety related parts of control systems must meet one or more of the requirements for five defined safety categories. The safety categories define the required behavior of safety related controller parts regarding their resistance to errors.

| Safety Category (according to EN 954-1) | Safety integrity level SIL (according to IEC 61508-2) | Short description | System Behavior |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | - | Safety related parts must be designed and built so that they can meet the expected operational requirements. <br> (No specific safety measures are implemented.) | Caution! <br> An error can cause the safety function to fail. |
| 1 | 1 | Safety related parts must be designed and built so that only reliable components and safety principles are used. <br> (e.g. preventing short circuits by using sufficient distances, reducing the probability of errors by overdimensioning components, defining the failure route - closed-circuit current principle, etc.) | Caution! <br> An error can cause the safety function to fail. |
| 2 | 1 | Safety related parts must be designed so that their safety functions are checked in suitable intervals by the machine controller. <br> (e.g. automatic or manual check during start-up) | Caution! <br> An error between checks can cause the safety function to fail. If the safety function fails, it will be recognized during the check. |
| 3 | 2 | Safety related parts must be designed so that individual errors do not cause the safety function to fail. Individual errors should - if possible - be recognized the next time (or before) the safety function is required. | Caution! <br> The safety function remains active when an error occurs. Some, but not all errors are recognized. A buildup of errors can cause the safety function to fail. |
| 4 | 3 | Safety related parts must be designed so that individual errors do not cause the safety function to fail. Individual errors must be recognized the next time (or before) the safety function is required. If this type of recognition is not possible, a buildup of errors is not allowed to cause the safety function to fail. | Information: <br> The safety function remains active when an error occurs. Errors are recognized in time to prevent the safety function from failing. |

Table 64: Safety category overview
These considerations lead to a safety category (B, 1, 2, 3, 4) that specifies how the safet-related parts on a machine must be implemented.

[^1]
## Information:

Connections examples with a suitable monitoring device in chapter 3 "Start-up / Operation", section "Connection Examples for the E-stop and Key Switch", on page 86 and section "Connection Example for the Enable Switch", on page 90 show how safety category 4 according to EN 954-1 can be achieved with the Mobile Panel and its safety-related parts. Take note that the entire system concept must be designed accordingly.

Selecting the suitable safety category must be done based on a risk evaluation. This risk evaluation is a part of the total risk evaluation for the machine.

The following risk graph (according to EN 954-1, Appendix B) provides a simplified procedure for risk evaluation:


Figure 53: Risk graph according to EN 954-1, Appendix B

## Standards and Certifications • Standards and Definitions for Safety Technology

Begin at the starting point shown and follow the parameters $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{F}$ and P to the safety category to be used.

| Parameter S ... Seriousness of injury |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| S1 | Light (usually reversible) injury. |  |  |
| S2 | Serious (usually irreversible) injury. |  |  |
| Parameter F ... Frequency and/or duration of the danger exposure |  |  |  |
| F1 | Seldom to slightly more frequent and/or short exposure duration. |  |  |
| F2 | Frequent to continuous and/or long exposure duration. |  |  |
| $\quad$ Parameter P ... Possibility to prevent danger |  |  |  |
| P1 | Possible under some conditions. |  |  |
| P2 | Nearly impossible. |  |  |

Table 65: Parameters S, F and P lead you to the safety category to be used
Restart inhibit according to EN 1037/04.96 (Safety of machinery - prevention of unexpected start-up)

Keeping a machine in an idle state when people are working in the danger zone is one of the most important requirements for safe operation of machines.

Starting refers to the transition of a machine or its parts from an idle state to moving state. Any start is unexpected if it is caused by:

- A start command sent because of a controller failure or because of external influences on the controller.
- A start command sent because of incorrect operation of a start element or another part of the machine.
- Restoration of power supply after an interruption.
- External/internal influences on parts of the machine.

To prevent unexpected starting of machines or parts of machines, power should be removed and dissipated. If this is not practical (e.g. frequent, short work in danger zone), other measures must be taken:

- Measures to prevent random start commands.
- Measures to prevent that random start commands cause unexpected starting.
- Measures to automatically stop dangerous parts of the machine before a dangerous situation can be caused by unexpected starting.


## Chapter 6•Accessories

## 1. Overview

| Model Number | Description | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OAC201.9 | Lithium Batteries ( 5 x ) <br> Lithium batteries, 5 pcs., $3 \mathrm{~V} / 950 \mathrm{mAh}$, button cell |  |
| 4A0006.00-000 | Lithium Battery (1x) <br> Lithium battery, 1 piece, $3 \mathrm{~V} / 950 \mathrm{mAh}$, button cell |  |
| 5AC900.1100-00 | Touch screen pen <br> Five replacement touch screen pens |  |
| 5CFCRD.0032-02 | Compact Flash 32 MB TruelDE SanDisk/A Compact Flash card with 32 MB Flash PROM and true IDE/ATA interface. |  |
| 5CFCRD.0064-02 | Compact Flash 64 MB TruelDE SanDisk/A Compact Flash card with 64 MB Flash PROM and true IDE/ATA interface. |  |
| 5CFCRD.0128-02 | Compact Flash 128 MB TrueIDE SanDisk/A Compact Flash card with 128 MB Flash PROM, and true IDE/ATA interface. |  |
| 5CFCRD.0256-02 | Compact Flash 256 MB TrueIDE SanDisk/A Compact Flash card with 256 MB Flash PROM, and true IDE/ATA interface. |  |
| 5CFCRD.0512-02 | Compact Flash 512 MB TruelDE SanDisk/A Compact Flash card with 512 MB Flash PROM, and true IDE/ATA interface. |  |
| 5CFCRD.1024-02 | Compact Flash 1024 MB TrueIDE SanDisk/A Compact Flash card with 1024 MB Flash PROM, and true IDE/ATA interface. |  |
| 5CFCRD.2048-02 | Compact Flash 2048 MB TrueIDE SanDisk/A Compact Flash card with 2048 MB Flash PROM, and true IDE/ATA interface |  |
| 5MMUSB.0128-00 | USB memory stick 128 MB SanDisk USB 2.0 Memory Stick 128 MB |  |
| 5MMUSB.0256-00 | USB memory stick 256 MB SanDisk USB 2.0 Memory Stick 256 MB |  |
| 5MMUSB.0512-00 | USB memory stick 512 MB SanDisk USB 2.0 Memory Stick 512 MB |  |

Table 66: Model numbers for accessories

## Accessories • Replacement CMOS Batteries

## 2. Replacement CMOS Batteries

The lithium battery is needed for buffering the BIOS and real-time clock.

### 2.1 Order Data

| Model Number | Description | Image |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 0AC201.9 | Lithium batteries, 5 pcs., $3 \mathrm{~V} / 950 \mathrm{mAh}$ button cell |  |
| $4 \mathrm{AA0006.00-000}$ | Lithium battery, 1 piece, $3 \mathrm{~V} / 950 \mathrm{mAh}$, button cell |  |
|  |  |  |

Table 67: Order data for lithium batteries

### 2.2 Technical Data

## Information:

The following defined characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for this accessory and can deviate from the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, this accessory is installed, the data given for the entire device is valid.

| Name | OAC201.9, 4 A0006.00-000 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Capacity | 950 mAh |
| Voltage | 3 V |
| Self Discharge at $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $<1 \%$ per year |
| Storage Time | Max. 3 years at $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Humidity | 0 to $95 \%$ (non-condensing) |

Table 68: Technical data for lithium batteries

## 3. Touch Screen Pen

A replacement part is available consisting of 5 touch screen pens for the operation of the Mobile Panel touch screen. See section "Touch Screen Pen", on page 30 for technical data regarding touch screen pens.

### 3.1 Order Data

| Model Number | Description | Image |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 5 AC900.1100-00 | Touch screen pen (5x) |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Table 69: Oeder data for the touch screen pen

## Accessories • Compact Flash cards 5CFCRD.xxxx-02

## 4. Compact Flash cards 5CFCRD.xxxx-02

### 4.1 General Information

Compact Flash cards are easy-to-exchange memory media. Due to their robustness against enviromental influences (e.g. temperature, shock, vibration, etc.), Compact Flash cards are ideal for use as memory media in industrial environments.

### 4.2 Order Data

| Model Number | Description | Image |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5CFCRD.0032-02 | Compact Flash 32 MB TruelDE SanDisk/A |  |
| 5CFCRD.0064-02 | Compact Flash 64 MB TruelDE SanDisk/A |  |
| 5CFCRD.0128-02 | Compact Flash 128 MB TruelDE SanDisk/A |  |
| 5CFCRD.0256-02 | Compact Flash 256 MB TruelDE SanDisk/A |  |
| 5CFCRD.0512-02 | Compact Flash 512 MB TruelDE SanDisk/A |  |
| 5CFCRD.1024-02 | Compact Flash 1024 MB TruelDE SanDisk/A |  |
| 5CFCRD.2048-02 | Compact Flash 2048 MB TruelDE SanDisk/A |  |
|  |  |  |

Table 70: Order data for Compact Flash cards

### 4.3 Technical Data

## Information:

The following defined characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for this accessory and can deviate from the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, this accessory is installed, the data given for the entire device is valid.

| Features | 5CFCRD.xxxx-02 |
| :--- | :---: |
| MTBF $\left(@ 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $>3,000,000$ hours |
| Maintenance | None |
| Data Reliability | $<1$ unrecoverable error in $10^{14}$ bit read accesses <br> $<1$ faulty correction in $10^{20}$ bit read accesses |
| Clear/Write Procedures | $>2,000,000$ times |
| Mechanics | 5CFCRD.xxxx-02 |

Table 71: Compact Flash cards 5CFCRD.xxxx-02 technical data

| Dimensions |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Length | $36.4 \pm 0.15 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Width | $42.8 \pm 0.10 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Thickness | $3.3 \mathrm{~mm} \pm 0.10 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Weight | 11.4 g |
| Environment |  |
| Environmental Temperature |  |
| Operation <br> Storage <br> Transport | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Humidity | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operation/Storage | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Vibration |  |
| Operation/Storage | $8 \%$ to $95 \%$, non-condensing |
| Shock |  |
| Operation/Storage | Maximum 30 G (point to point) |
| Altitude |  |

Table 71: Compact Flash cards 5CFCRD.xxxx-02 technical data (cont.)

### 4.4 Dimensions



Figure 54: Dimensions for Compact Flash card type I

## Accessories • Compact Flash cards 5CFCRD.xxxx-02

### 4.5 Calculating the Lifespan

SanDisk provides a 6-page "White Paper" for the lifespan calculation for Compact Flash cards (see following pages). This document can also be found on the SanDisk homepage.

## SanDisk

## WHITE PAPER

## SANDISK FLASH MEMORY CARDS

WEAR LEVELING

Figure 55: SanDisk White Paper - page 1

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## SanDisk Corporation

Doc No. 80-36-00278
SanDisk Flash Memory Cards Wear Leveling
Page 2
Figure 56: SanDisk White Paper - page 2

## OVERVIEW

This purpose of this white paper is to help SanDisk customers understand the benefits of wear leveling and to assist customers in calculating life expectancy of SanDisk cards in specific applications.

Flash memory is susceptible to wear as a result of the repeated program and erase cycles that are inherent in typical data storage applications. Applications in which this is a major concern include hard disk replacement applications where write operations occur frequently. How a storage system manages the wear of the memory is key to understanding the extended reliability of the host that relies on these storage systems.

## Wear leveling methodology

Current products available in the industrial channel use NAND flash memory. It is important to understand the NAND memory architecture to gain insight into the wear leveling mechanism.

Each memory chip is divided into blocks. A block is an array of memory cells organized as sectors. The number of blocks and sectors vary from product to product. The minimum unit for a write or read operation is a page (or sector). The minimum unit for an erase operation is a block. Physical blocks are logically grouped into zones. For the current technology, a typical zone size is 4 MB . However, this may change from product to product. Wear leveling is done within a zone. The current firmware does not spread the wear across the capacity of the card. Each zone has about $3 \%$ additional "spare blocks" beyond what is assigned to meet the logical capacity of the flash card. This group of blocks is commonly referred to as the "Erase Pool".

With the introduction of SanDisk's Write-before-Erase architecture, each time a host writes data to the same logical address (CHS or LBA), data is written into a newly assigned, empty physical block from the "Erase Pool". The intrinsic nature of writing to a new physical location each time a logical address is written to is the basis for wear leveling found in SanDisk cards. This action spreads the writes over the zone, thus greatly extending the overall life of the card. The methodology of using a large number of physical addresses to manage a smaller logical address table allows for rotation of the physical addresses among the entire group of physical blocks within a zone. The resulting wear leveling optimizes the effective life of the media and avoids prematurely reaching the end of life on frequently written to host addresses.

When a card detects that a block has reached the end of its useful life, it removes that block from the blocks that are available for write operations. The result is a reduction of the size of the erase pool. This does not affect the capacity of the card as seen by the host. When the pool of blocks available for write operations has been exhausted due to wear, the card will reach the end of its useful life for write operations.

|  | SanDisk Corporation |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Doc No. 80-36-00278 | SanDisk Flash Memory Cards Wear Leveling | Page 3 |

Figure 57: SanDisk White Paper - page 3

Current SanDisk products do not preempt wear leveling events during normal operation of the card. Applications typically don't require such management beyond the natural wear leveling that occurs during normal host operations. As a result, the effectiveness of wear leveling in current SanDisk products is dependent upon host usage. It is important for customers whose applications do not fall into this typical usage pattern to understand how their applications will affect the lifetime of the card.

## LIFE EXPECTANCY SCENARIOS

best case analysis
In a typical application, large data files are written to the card occupying contiguous sequential logical address space. This results in optimal wear leveling and provides card life exceeding the specification for card endurance. This increased endurance is achieved as follows: The 2,000,000 endurance cycles specification (l-Grade only) is a result of large amounts of test data collected from a very large sample set that accounts for the extreme limits of the test population. With the $3 \%$ additional erase pool being used in an ideal fashion, the distribution is narrowed and the card will survive beyond its specified lifetime.

## - worst case analysis

In the worst-case application, data will be written as single sectors to random addresses across the card. These single sector writes will exercise the erase pool more rapidly, requiring the system to perform a "garbage collection" operation to free up new blocks for subsequent write operations. At the extreme, each single sector write would cause one block to be programmed and erased. As a typical block size is 16 kB or 32 sectors, the amount of wear is increased by a factor of 31 since 32 physical sectors are written and erased for each sector the host writes. Spreading this wear across the erase pool results in an effective $1 / 30$ usable lifetime. This case is an extreme example and is only included to show the range of application dependence. This result is comparable to other vendor's cards based on memory with a 16 kB erase block.

## - analysis of host dependence

In assessing the life expectancy of a card in a given system several factors need to be understood. These factors include the types of files and their corresponding sizes, frequency of card write operations and file system behavior (including data structures). The types of files must be considered since some files, such as operating systems or executable files, typically remain in fixed locations once they are stored in the card. This limits the number of physical blocks available for circulation into the erase pool. The remaining capacity after these files have been accounted for can then be divided by the typical size of files that will be updated over the lifetime of the card. Related to this calculation is how the file system overwrites existing files. Typical operating system behavior, such as DOS, will allocate new blocks from the file allocation table, or FAT, and so repeated file writes will occupy a new set of addresses on the card. This is very beneficial in spreading wear across the card since it forces the card to cycle the entire physical
Doc No. 80-36-00278

SanDisk Flash Memory Cards Wear Leveling Page 4

Figure 58: SanDisk White Paper - page 4
area being used for such files. Special cases to consider include those where the files being updated are very small. Typically an operating system uses a minimum number of sectors to store a file, referred to as a cluster. Typical cluster sizes range from 8 to 64 sectors in size. The cluster size is important for files that are the same or smaller than the 32-sector block since these may trigger garbage collection operations. If these updates happen in a random fashion (sequential updates would not be affected by cluster size) lifetime may be reduced as a result. Finally, the frequency of such updates is then used to determine how long it will take before the card reaches its statistical limit for endurance. These factors can be combined in an equation that can be used to calculate the minimum time a card will function in that application:

$$
\text { lifetime }=2,000,000 \times \frac{\left(C_{\text {tzone }}-C_{\text {fixed }}\right) \times\left(1-k_{r} \times \frac{32-N_{\text {cluster }}}{32}\right)}{F S_{t y p}} \times \frac{1}{f_{w}}
$$

where Czone is the total capacity of the zone, Cfixed is the capacity used by fixed files, Ncluster is the cluster size, FStyp is the average file size and fw is the average frequency at which files are updated. kr is a factor that is 0 for file sizes that are typically over 16 kB or for applications that are not random in the order in which such files are updated.

## Example 1

In this example 128 KB of data is updated once a day. The zone has 500 KB worth of fixed files. A 4 MB zone size is assumed.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { lifetime }=2,000,000 \times \frac{(4000-500) \times(1-0)}{128} \times \frac{1}{1 / \text { day }} \\
& \text { lifetime }=149828 \text { years }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Example 2

This example is a data logging operation using a 1 GB card where a 4 kB file is updated every five seconds. This would result in sequential address being written.

$$
\text { lifetime }=2,000,000 \times \frac{4000}{4} \times \frac{1}{1 / 5 \mathrm{sec}}
$$

lifetime $=317$ years
Doc No. 80-36-00278

Figure 59: SanDisk White Paper - page 5

## Example 3

This example is a data logging operation using the same 1 GB card where a new 4 kB file is written every five seconds. But in this case the cluster size is 4 kB and it is expected that, due to file system fragmentation, the logical addresses will be written randomly.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { lifetime }=2,000,000 \times \frac{4 \times\left(1-1 \times \frac{32-8}{32}\right)}{.004} \times \frac{1}{1 / 5 \mathrm{sec}} \\
& \text { lifetime }=79.3 \text { years }
\end{aligned}
$$

## CONCLUSION

These examples are general in nature but show how the equation can be used as a guideline for calculating card lifetime in different applications. They also demonstrate that SanDisk card architecture exceeds reasonable life expectancy in typical applications. If a particular applications behaves in such a way that this equation cannot be applied, the SanDisk Applications Engineering group can assist in performing card lifetime analysis.

For more information, please visit the SanDisk Web site at: www.sandisk.com

## SanDisk Corporation

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Sunnyvale, CA 94089
408-542-0500
FAX: 408-542-0503
URL: http://www.sandisk.com

Figure 60: SanDisk White Paper - page 6

## Accessories • USB Memory Stick

## 5. USB Memory Stick

### 5.1 General Information

USB memory sticks are easy-to-exchange memory media. Because of the fast data transfer USB 2.0, USB memory sticks provide optimal values for use as a portable memory medium. "Hot PLUG \& PLAY" - without requiring additional drivers (except with Windows 98SE), the USB memory stick can be converted immediately into an additional drive, in which data can be read from or written to. Only USB memory sticks from the memory specialists SanDisk are being used.

### 5.2 Order Data

| Model Number | Description | Image |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5MMUSB.0128-00 | USB memory stick 128 MB SanDisk |  |
| 5MMUSB.0256-00 | USB memory stick 256 MB SanDisk |  |
| 5MMUSB.0512-00 | USB memory stick 512 MB SanDisk | cruz er min sizmb |
|  |  |  |

Table 72: USB memory stick order data

### 5.3 Technical Data

## Information:

The following defined characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for this accessory and can deviate from the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, this accessory is installed, the data given for the entire device is valid.

| Features | 5MMUSB.0xxx-00 |
| :--- | :---: |
| LED | 1 LED (green), signals data transfer (send and receive) |
| Power Supply | via the USB port |
| Current Requirements | $<650 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ in sleep mode, $<150 \mathrm{~mA}$ read/write |
| Interface | USB specification 2.0 high speed device, mass storage class, USB-IF and WHQL certified |
| Type | USB 1.1 and 2.0 compatible |
| Transfer Rate | up to 480 MBit (high speed) |
| Sequential Reading | Max. $8.7 \mathrm{MB} /$ second |
| Sequential Writing | Max. $1.7 \mathrm{MB} /$ second |
| Connection | to each USB type A interface |

Table 73: USB memory stick 5MMUSB.0xxx-00 technical data

| Features | 5MMUSB.0xxx-00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| MTBF (@ $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | > 100000 hours |
| Data Preservation | 10 years |
| Maintenance | None |
| Operating System Support | Windows CE 4.1, CE 4.2, 98SE ${ }^{1)}$, ME, 2000, XP Mac OS 9.1 and 10.1.2+ |
| Mechanics |  |
| Dimensions Length Width Thickness | 62 mm 19 mm 11 mm |
| Environment |  |
| Environmental Temperature Operation Storage Transport | $\begin{aligned} & 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+45^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
| Humidity Operation Storage Transport | $10 \%$ to $90 \%$, non-condensing <br> $5 \%$ to $90 \%$, non-condensing <br> $5 \%$ to $90 \%$, non-condensing |
| Vibration Operation Storage Transport | $2 \mathrm{G}(10$ to 500 Hz ), oscillation rate $1 /$ minute $4 \mathrm{G}(10$ to 500 Hz ), oscillation rate 1 /minute $4 \mathrm{G}(10$ to 500 Hz$)$, oscillation rate $1 /$ minute |
| Shock Operation Storage Transport | 40 G and 11 ms duration (all axes) <br> 80 G and 11 ms duration (all axes) <br> 80 G and 11 ms duration (all axes) |
| Altitude Operation Storage Transport | 3048 meters <br> 12192 meters <br> 12192 meters |

Table 73: USB memory stick 5MMUSB.0xxx-00 technical data (cont.)

1) For Win 98SE, a driver can be downloaded from the SanDisk homepage.

## Chapter 7 • Maintenance / Servicing

## 1. Cleaning

## Danger!

Mobile Panel devices may only be cleaned when switched off. This is to prevent unintended functions from being triggered when touching the touch screen or pressing the buttons or entry devices.

A moist towel should be used to clean the Mobile Panel device. When moistening the cloth, use only water with detergent, screen cleaning agent, or alcohol (ethanol). The cleaning agent should be applied to the cloth beforehand, not sprayed directly on the Mobile Panel device! Never use aggressive solvents, chemicals, or scouring agents.

## Information:

Displays with touch screens should be cleaned at regular intervals.

## 2. Exchanging the Connection Cable

## Danger!

The attachment cable may only be exchanged by trained personnel when the Mobile Panel device and the entire system are turned off.

### 2.1 Procedure

## Warning!

Before dismounting, place the Mobile Panel device on a clean flat surface with the display facing down so that the operating elements are not damaged.

1) Remove the handle by loosening the hex screw with a 4 mm screwdriver.


Figure 61: Taking out the locking screw
2) Tip up the side of handle to release the connectors of the old attachment cable to the panel.


Figure 62: Removing the attachment cable

## Maintenance / Servicing • Exchanging the Connection Cable

3) Remove the enable switch connector.


Figure 63: Removing the enable switch connector
4) Separate the attachment from the handle. To do so, the four cover screws need to be removed (using a Torx size 10 screwdriver) and the old attachment cable pulled through the cable opening.


Figure 64: Handle clasp screw positions

## Maintenance / Servicing • Exchanging the Connection Cable

5) Lead the new attachment cable carefully through the cable opening, connector to connector (1). Place the cable tie for stress relief (2). Put on the cover and re-screws the screws tightly (3).


Figure 65: Connecting the attachment cable and handle
6) Connect the enable switch connector (ST1) to the handle.


Figure 66: Connecting the enable switch connector (ST1)
7) Connect the Mobile Panel attachment cable to the panel (ST2, ST3, ST4, ST5, ST6). See figure 31 "Connection cable 5CAMPH.0xxx-00" on page 64 for connecting the cable. Cables may only be guided through the housing opening identified in figure 67 "Connectors and cable arrangement" (see arrow).


Figure 67: Connectors and cable arrangement

## Information:

When connecting the Ethernet RJ45 connector (ST5) and the power supply connector (ST4), make sure that the connector locking mechanisms are engaged.

## Maintenance / Servicing • Exchanging the Connection Cable

8) Put the handle and panel back together again. Note the following when doing so: All cables must be guided through to the left of the cover screws (1) (2). When placing the handle, both the of the existing markings (3) must be on top of each other.


Figure 68: Connecting the handle with the panel

## Danger!

Before putting the handle and the panel back together again, all connectors -especially those for the safety engineering (enable switch connector (ST1) and the entry device (ST3) -- must be checked for contact with the attachment cable!

## Warning!

Cables may not be wedged in when the unit is put back together.
9) Screw in the cover screw.


Figure 69: Tightening the cover screw

## Danger!

Before commissioning the machine or system, all safety features of the Mobile Panel device must be checked for functionality.

## 3. Changing the Battery

Batteries only need to be changed on devices which have a lithium battery.
The lithium battery guarantees buffering of the internal real-time clock (RTC), SRAM data, and individually saved BIOS settings. The battery status (good or bad) can be queried using software. From the point when battery capacity is recognized as insufficient, data buffering is guaranteed for approximately another 500 hours. When changing the battery, data is buffered for approximately another 10 minutes by a gold leaf capacitor. The buffer duration of the battery lasts at least two years (at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ).

## Danger!

The battery may only be exchanged by trained personnel when the Mobile Panel device and the entire system are turned off.

### 3.1 Procedure

## Warning!

Before dismounting, place the Mobile Panel device on a clean flat surface with the display facing down so that the operating elements are not damaged.

1) Remove the handle by loosening the hex screw with a 4 mm screwdriver.


Figure 70: Taking out the locking screw

## Maintenance / Servicing • Changing the Battery

2) Tip up the side of the handle and remove the battery from the fixture (don't use pliers or uninsulated tools --> risk of short circuit). The battery should not be held by its edges. Insulated tweezers may also be used for removing the battery.


Figure 71: Removing the attachment cable


Figure 72: Handling the battery
3) After removing the battery, the data is buffered for at least another 10 minutes by a gold leaf capacitor so that data is not lost. Insert the new battery with correct polarity.


Figure 73: Inserted lithium battery
4) Put the handle and panel back together again. Note the following when doing so: All cables must be guided through to the left of the cover screws (1) (2). When placing the handle, both the of the existing markings (3) must be on top of each other.


Figure 74: Connecting the handle with the panel

## Danger!

Before putting the handle and the panel back together again, all connectors -especially those for the safety engineering (enable switch connector (ST1) and the entry device (ST3) -- must be checked for contact with the attachment cable!

## Warning!

Cables may not be wedged in when the unit is put back together.
5) Screw in the cover screw.


Figure 75: Tightening the cover screw

## Danger!

Before commissioning the machine or system, all safety features of the Mobile Panel device must be checked for functionality.

## Appendix A

The following characteristics, features and limits values only refer to the push button and are not valid for the Mobile Panel device as a whole. For the individual operator panels, the entries listed in chapter 2 "Technical Data", section 2 "Entire Device" on page 24 and in the respective technical data section are valid (see section "Technical Data", on page 39).

## 1. E-stop button

The E-stop unit consists of an E-stop switching element and an E-stop button.


Figure 76: E-stop unit

## Information:

The following characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for these individual components and can deviate from those for the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, these individual components are used, the data given for the entire device is valid.

| Property | E-stop Switching element | E-stop button |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturer <br> Type | RAFI | RAFI |
| Operating Voltage AC/DC | 22FS switching element E-stop, 20 | 22FS E-stop, not illuminated |

Table 74: Technical data for E-stop switching element and E-stop button

Key Switch

| Property | E-stop Switching element | E-stop button |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating Current AC/DC | Max. 550 mA | - |
| Contact System | Self-cleaning bridge contact | - |
| Standards <br> Normally Closed Contact Weathering Resistance Salt Mist Protection (front side) Approbations | Positive opening contact according to IEC $947-5-1$ | According to IEC 68-1-2, 2-2 and 2-30 According to IEC 68-2-11 IP65 IEC 947, 1058; UL 508;CSA 22.2; EU-NSR 73/23; Ulc |
| Impact Resistance | At least 100 N |  |
| Operating Force | Approx. 5 N per contact element | - |
| Lifespan | 1 million actuations at $10 \mathrm{~mA} / 24 \mathrm{VDC}$ | 50000 actuations |
| Environmental Temperature <br> Operation <br> Storage <br> Transport | $\begin{aligned} & -25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  |

Table 74: Technical data for E-stop switching element and E-stop button (cont.)

## 2. Key Switch

The key switch unit consists of a key switch switching element and a key switch.


Figure 77: Key switch unit

## Information:

The following characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for these individual components and can deviate from those for the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, these individual components are used, the data given for the entire device is valid.

| Property | Key switch switching element | Key switch |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturer Type | RAFI <br> 22FS universal switching element, 1 S | RAFI <br> 22FS key switch, round collar |
| Operating Voltage AC/DC | Max. 42 V | - |
| Operating Current AC/DC | Max. 100 mA | - |
| Contact System | Self-cleaning bridge contact | - |
| Standards <br> Normally Open Contact Weathering Resistance Salt Mist Protection (front side) Approbations | - <br>  <br>  | According to IEC 68-1-2, 2-2 and 2-30 According to IEC 68-2-11 IP65 IEC 947, 1058; UL 508;CSA 22.2; EU-NSR 73/23; ULC |
| Impact Resistance | At least 100 N |  |
| Rotation Angle | $1 \times 40$ degrees, momentary |  |
| Lifespan | 1 million actuations at $10 \mathrm{~mA} / 24 \mathrm{VDC}$ | 0.3 million, momemtary |
| Environmental Temperature Operation Storage Transport | $\begin{aligned} & -25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  |

Table 75: Technical data for key switch switching element and key switch

## 3. Enable Switch

The enable switch is a part of the enabling equipment and is integrated in the enable switch cover.


Figure 78: Enable switch

## Information:

The following characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for these individual components and can deviate from those for the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, these individual components are used, the data given for the entire device is valid.

## Touch Screen

| Property | Enable switch |
| :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturer Type | $\begin{gathered} \text { idec } \\ \text { HE5B-M2 } \end{gathered}$ |
| Environmental Temperature Operation Storage Transport | $\begin{aligned} & -25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
| Humidity Operation | 45\% to 85\% (non-condensing) |
| Altitude | Max. 2000 meters |
| Operating Voltage AC/DC | Max. 125 V |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Operating Current } \\ & \text { AC } \\ & \text { DC } \end{aligned}$ | Max. 0.5 A at 125 V resistive load Max. 0.3 A inductive load Max. 1 A at 30 V resistive load Max. 0.7 A inductive load |
| Minimum Operating Requirements | $3 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC/DC}$, |
| Insulation Resistance | 100 MOhm |
| Vibration Operation | 5 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ amplitude |
| Shock Operation | Max. $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Impact Resistance | At least 250 N |
| Lifespan Mechanical Electrical | Position ${ }^{1)} 0 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 0$ : At least 1 million operations Position ${ }^{1)} 0 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2->0$ : At least 100000 operations |
| Standards | IP65 protection according to IEC60529 IEC60947-5-1 EN60947-5-1 JIS C8201-5-1 UL508 <br> CSA C22.2 No. 14 ISO12100/EN292 <br> IEC60204-1/EN60204-1 <br> ISO11161/prEN11161 ISO10218/EN775 <br> ANSI/RIA R15.06, B11.19 |

Table 76: Technical data for enable switch

1) For switch positions, see table 23 "Switch positions for the enable switch" on page 61 .

## 4. Touch Screen

### 4.1 3M Touch

This touch screen is used in 8.4" Mobile Panel designs.

## Information:

The following characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for these individual components and can deviate from those for the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, these individual components are used, the data given for the entire device is valid.

| 3M Touch | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturer | 3M (www.3M.com) |
| Precision | - |
| Reaction Time | $\bullet$ |
| Release Pressure | 10 to 80 grams |
| Resolution | - |
| Light Permeability | Up to 85 \% |
| Temperature Operation Storage Transport | $\begin{aligned} & -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
| Waterproofing | - |
| Lifespan | 35 million contacts on the same point |
| Chemical Resistance ${ }^{1)}$ | Tea, coffee, ketchup, mustard, vinegar, beer, cola, red wine, cooking oil, whisky, universal cleaning agents, washing detergent, bleach ( $5.25 \%$ ), hydrogen peroxide ( $3 \%$ ), Lysol, ethyl, alcohol, isopropyl alcohol, acetone, methyl ethyl ketone (MEK), toluene, concentrated hydrochloric acid, naphtha, mineral oil, motor oil, diesel, gear fluid, brake fluid, antifreeze, hydraulic oil |
| Activation | Finger, pointer, credit card, glove |

### 4.1.1 Cleaning

The touch screen should be cleaned with a moist lint-free cloth. When moistening the cloth, use only water with detergent, screen cleaning agent or alcohol (ethanol). The cleaning agent should be applied to the cloth beforehand and not sprayed directly onto the touch screen itself. Never use aggressive solvents, chemicals or scouring agents.

### 4.2 Gunze Touch

This touch screen is used in 5.7" Mobile Panel designs.

## Information:

The following characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for these individual components and can deviate from those for the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, these individual components are used, the data given for the entire device is valid.

| Gunze Touch | Specifications |
| :--- | :---: |
| Manufacturer | Gunze (www.gunzeusa.com) |
| Precision | - |
| Reaction Time | - |
| Release Pressure | <50 grams (with finger) |
| Resolution | - |
| Light Permeability | Up to $84 \%$ |
| Temperature |  |
| Operation | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage |  |
| Transport | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Waterproofing | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Lifespan | - |
| Chemical Resistance | Alcoholic-based compound, such as ethanol. |
| Activation | Finger, pointer, credit card, glove |

Table 78: Gunze Touch

### 4.2.1 Cleaning

The touch screen should be cleaned with a moist lint-free cloth. When moistening the cloth, use only water with detergent, screen cleaning agent or alcohol (ethanol). The cleaning agent should be applied to the cloth beforehand and not sprayed directly onto the touch screen itself. Never use aggressive solvents, chemicals or scouring agents.

## 5. Mylar

## Information:

The following characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for these individual components and can deviate from those for the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, these individual components are used, the data given for the entire device is valid.

The mylar conforms to DIN 42115 (section 2). This means it is resistant to exposure to the following chemicals for a 24 hour period with no visible signs of damage:

| Alcohol <br> Cyclohexanol <br> Diacetone alcohol <br> Glycol <br> Isopropanol <br> Glycerin <br> Methanol <br> Triacetin <br> Dowandol <br> DRM/PM | Formaldehyde 37\%-42\% <br> Acetaldehyde <br> Aliphatic hydrocarbons <br> Toluene <br> Xylene <br> White spirits | 1.1.1.Trichloroethane Ethyl acetate Diethyl ether N-Butyl acetate Amyl acetate Butylcellosolve Ether |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acetone <br> Methyl ethyl ketone <br> Dioxan <br> Cyclohexanone <br> MIBK <br> Isophorone | Formic acid<50\% <br> Acetic acid<50\% <br> Phosphoric acid $<30 \%$ <br> Hydrochloric acid $<36 \%$ <br> Nitric acid <10\% <br> Trichloracetic acid <50\% <br> Sulphuric acid <10\% | Sodium hypochlorite<20\% <br> Hydrogen peroxide <25\% <br> Potassium carbonate <br> Washing powders <br> Fabric conditioner <br> Ferric chloride <br> Ferrous chloride ( FeCl 2 ) |
| Ammonia <40\% <br> Caustic soda < 40\% <br> Potassium hydroxide <br> Alkali carbonate <br> Bichromate <br> Potassium <br> Acetonitrile <br> Sodium bisulphate | Cutting oil Diesel oil Linseed oil Paraffin oil <br> Blown castor oil Silicon oil Turpentine oil substitute Universal brake fluid Aviation fuel Petrol Water Sea water Decon | Ferrous chloride ( FeCl 3 ) <br> Dibutyl phthalate <br> Dioctyl phthalate <br> Sodium carbonate |

Table 79: Chemical resistance of the mylar
The mylar conforms to DIN 42115 section 2 for exposure to glacial acetic acid for less than one hour without visible damage.

## 6. Filter Glass

If the Mobile Panel is not equipped with a touch screen, then a filter glass with the following properties is used.

## Information:

The following characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for these individual components and can deviate from those for the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, these individual components are used, the data given for the entire device is valid.

### 6.1 Mechanical Characteristics

Abrasion-resistant according to DIN 52347
Adhesive strength according to DIN 58 196-K2 (section 6)

### 6.2 Chemical Properties

Durability according to DIN 50021 - CASS.

## 7. Housing

## Information:

The following characteristics, features and limit values are only valid for these individual components and can deviate from those for the entire device. For the entire device where, for example, these individual components are used, the data given for the entire device is valid.

The housing surface (paint) is resistant to the following chemicals:

| Alcohol | Vinigar-based cleaning agent | Beer |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Glycol | Soaps | Wine |
| Isopropanol | Cleaning agent (such as for auto maintentance | Coffee |
| Glycerine | or industrial use) | Fruit |
| Methanol |  |  |

Table 80: Chemical resistance of the mylar
Figure 1: Mobile Panel ..... 21
Figure 2: Mobile Panel device design. ..... 23
Figure 3: $\quad$ Dimensions for the entire device ..... 24
Figure 4: Mobile Panel operating unit. ..... 27
Figure 5: Operating unit dimensions. ..... 28
Figure 6: Example of a Mylar keypad ..... 28
Figure 7: Touch screen pen. ..... 30
Figure 8: CF / USB cover ..... 30
Figure 9: Compact Flash and USB slot ..... 31
Figure 10: Inserting a Compact Flash Card. ..... 33
Figure 11: Removing a Compact Flash Card ..... 34
Figure 12: Operating unit - rear view ..... 35
Figure 13: Design/dimensions of the serial number label. ..... 35
Figure 14: Design/dimensions of the type plate ..... 36
Figure 15: Back of the operating unit - switches, buttons and batteries ..... 36
Figure 16: Inserted lithium battery ..... 37
Figure 17: Front view 4MP181.0843-03 ..... 39
Figure 18: Front View 4MP251.0571-12. ..... 43
Figure 19: Front view 4MP281.0571-12 ..... 47
Figure 20: Front view for 4MP281.0843-13 ..... 51
Figure 21: Front View 5MP181.0843-07. ..... 55
Figure 22: Operating unit, handle and connection cable. ..... 59
Figure 23: Handle 4MPHDL.0000-00 ..... 59
Figure 24: Dimensions for the handle. ..... 60
Figure 25: Possible enable switch positions ..... 61
Figure 26: Enable switch - position null. ..... 61
Figure 27: Enable switch - position enable. ..... 62
Figure 28: Enable switch - position panic. ..... 62
Figure 29: Fastening/removing the handle to/from the operating unit. ..... 63
Figure 30: Fastening the connection cable. ..... 63
Figure 31: Connection cable 5CAMPH.0xxx-00 ..... 64
Figure 32: Connection cable and handle. ..... 64
Figure 33: Connection cable specifications ..... 66
Figure 34: Mobile Panel switching cabinet cable 5CAMPC.0020-00 ..... 68
Figure 35: Cable layout for the switching cabinet cable ..... 70
Figure 36: Drilling template for the switching cabinet socket. ..... 72
Figure 37: Mobile Panel switching cabinet cable 5CAMPC.0020-01 ..... 73
Figure 38: Cable layout for the switching cabinet cable ..... 75
Figure 39: Drilling template for the switching cabinet socket. ..... 77
Figure 40: Wall Mount 4MPBRA.0000-00 ..... 77
Figure 41: Wall mount 4MPBRA.0000-00 dimensions ..... 79
Figure 42: Cable layout for the strapping plug. ..... 82
Figure 43: Pilz PNOZ e1.1p (left) and Pilz PONZ e2.1p (right) ..... 85
Figure 44: Connection example for safety circuits up to EN 954-1 Category 4. ..... 86
Figure 45: Connection example for safety circuits up to EN 954-1 Category 1 ..... 88Figure 46: Connection example for using in safety circuits up to Category 4 in accordancewith EN 954-1 with Pilz PNOZ e2.1p safety relay (with cross connection
detection and simultaneous operation monitoring) ..... 90
Figure 47: Current load of the enable switch and entry device circuit ..... 92
Figure 48: $\quad$ Control and visualization with the Mobile Panel ..... 94
Figure 49: Operation and monitoring with the Mobile Panel ..... 95
Figure 50: Automation Runtime summary screen ..... 96
Figure 51: Directions for establishing an ActiveSync connection ..... 98
Figure 52: Mobile Panel as a thin client. ..... 99
Figure 53: Risk graph according to EN 954-1, Appendix B ..... 119
Figure 54: Dimensions for Compact Flash card type I ..... 125
Figure 55: SanDisk White Paper - page 1 ..... 126
Figure 56: SanDisk White Paper - page 2 ..... 127
Figure 57: SanDisk White Paper - page 3 ..... 128
Figure 58: $\quad$ SanDisk White Paper - page 4 ..... 129
Figure 59: $\quad$ SanDisk White Paper - page 5 ..... 130
Figure 60: SanDisk White Paper - page 6 ..... 131
Figure 61: Taking out the locking screw ..... 136
Figure 62: Removing the attachment cable ..... 136
Figure 63: Removing the enable switch connector ..... 137
Figure 64: Handle clasp screw positions ..... 137
Figure 65: Connecting the attachment cable and handle ..... 138
Figure 66: Connecting the enable switch connector (ST1) ..... 138
Figure 67: Connectors and cable arrangement ..... 139
Connecting the handle with the panel ..... 140
Figure 69: Tightening the cover screw ..... 140
Figure 70: Taking out the locking screw ..... 141
Figure 71: Removing the attachment cable ..... 142
Figure 72: Handling the battery ..... 142
Figure 73: Inserted lithium battery ..... 142
Figure 74: $\quad$ Connecting the handle with the panel ..... 143
Figure 75: Tightening the cover screw ..... 143
Figure 76: E-stop unit ..... 145
Figure 77: Key switch unit ..... 146
Figure 78: Enable switch ..... 147

## Table Index

Table 1: Manual history ..... 11
Table 2: Safety guidelines ..... 13
Table 3: $\quad$ Model numbers for Mobile Panel operating unit. ..... 18
Table 4: $\quad$ Model number for Mobile Panel handle ..... 18
Table 5: Model numbers for Mobile Panel connection cables ..... 18
Table 6: Model numbers for Mobile Panel switching cabinet cables. ..... 19
Table 7: Model number for Mobile Panel wall mount ..... 19
Table 8: Model number for Mobile Panel strapping plug ..... 19
Table 9: Model numbers for accessories ..... 20
Table 10: Model numbers for Mobile Panel software ..... 20
Table 11: Entire device ..... 25
Table 12: Technical data for the touch screen pen ..... 30
Table 13: Technical data for USB port connection ..... 31
Table 14: CF LED ..... 32
Table 15: Automation Runtime Switch settings for the Mode / Node switch ..... 37
Table 16: BIOS switch settings for the mode / node switch ..... 37
Table 17: Technical data for 4MP181.0843-03 ..... 39
Table 18: Technical data for 4MP251.0571-12 ..... 43
Table 19: Technical data 4MP281.0571-12 ..... 47
Table 20: Technical data 4MP281.0843-13 ..... 51
Table 21: Technical data for 5MP181.0843-07 ..... 55
Table 22: Technical data 4MPHDL.0000-00 ..... 60
Table 23: $\quad$ Switch positions for the enable switch ..... 61
Table 24: Technical data for the Mobile Panel cable 5CAMPH.0xxx-00 ..... 65
Table 25: Technical data for the switching cabinet cable 5CAMPC.0020-00. ..... 69
Table 26: Technical data for the switching cabinet cable 5CAMPC.0020-01 ..... 74
Table 27: Technical data 4MPBRA.0000-00 ..... 78
Table 28: $\quad$ Storing the Mobile Panel device in the wall mount ..... 80
Table 29: Strapping plug order data ..... 81
Table 30: Technical data 4MPBYP.0000-00 ..... 81
Table 31: Current load of the enable switch and entry device circuit ..... 92
Table 32: Automation Runtime summary screen ..... 96
Table 33: Overview of standards ..... 101
Table 34: Overview of limits and testing guidelines for emission ..... 103
Table 35: Test requirement network related emission industrial area. ..... 103
Table 36: : Test requirement electromagnetic emissions industrial area ..... 104
Table 37: Overview of limits and testing guidelines for immunity ..... 105
Table 38: Test requirement electrostatic discharge (ESD) ..... 106
Table 39: Test requirement high-frequency electromagnetic fields (HF field) ..... 106
Table 40: Test requirement high-speed transient electrical disturbances (Burst) ..... 107
Table 41: Test requirement surge voltages (Surge) ..... 107
Table 42: Test requirement conducted disturbances ..... 107
Table 43: Test requirement magnetic fields with energy technical frequencies ..... 108
Table 44: Test requirement voltage dips, fluctuations and short-term interruptions. ..... 108
Table 45: Test requirement damped oscillations ..... 109
Table 46: Overview of limits and testing guidelines for vibration. ..... 110
Table 47: Test requirement vibration operation ..... 110
Table 48: Test requirement vibration transport ..... 110
Table 49: Test requirement shock operation ..... 111
Table 50: Test requirement shock transport ..... 111
Table 51: Test requirement toppling ..... 111
Table 52: Test requirement toppling ..... 112
Table 53: Overview limit value and test guideline standards temperature and humidity. ..... 112
Table 54: Test requirement worst case operation ..... 113
Table 55: Test requirement dry heat ..... 113
Table 56: Test requirement dry cold ..... 113
Table 57: Test requirement large temperature fluctuations ..... 113
Table 58: Test requirement temperature fluctuations in operation ..... 114
Table 59: Test requirement humid heat, cyclical ..... 114
Table 60: Test requirement humid heat, constant (storage) ..... 114
Table 61: Further Limit Values ..... 114
Table 62: International Certifications ..... 116
Table 63: Overview of stop function categories ..... 117
Table 64: Safety category overview ..... 118
Table 65: Parameters S, F and P lead you to the safety category to be used ..... 120
Table 66: Model numbers for accessories ..... 121
Table 67: Order data for lithium batteries ..... 122
Table 68: Technical data for lithium batteries ..... 122
Table 69: Oeder data for the touch screen pen ..... 123
Table 70: Order data for Compact Flash cards ..... 124
Table 71: Compact Flash cards 5CFCRD.xxxx-02 technical data ..... 124
Table 72: USB memory stick order data ..... 132
Table 73: USB memory stick 5MMUSB.0xxx-00 technical data. ..... 132
Table 74: Technical data for E-stop switching element and E-stop button ..... 145
Table 75: Technical data for key switch switching element and key switch ..... 147
Table 76: Technical data for enable switch ..... 148
Table 77: 3M Touch ..... 149
Table 78: Gunze Touch ..... 150
Table 79: Chemical resistance of the mylar ..... 151
Table 80: Chemical resistance of the mylar ..... 152
A
Accessories ..... 20, 121
Attachment cable ..... 136
C
Calculating the lifespan ..... 126
Certifications ..... 116
CF / USB cover ..... 30
CF LED ..... 32
Changing the battery ..... 141
Cleaning ..... 135
CMOS battery ..... 122
Change ..... 141
Compact Flash ..... 124
Inserting ..... 33
Removing ..... 34
Technical data ..... 124
Compact Flash Slot ..... 31
Connection cable ..... 18, 64
Cable specifications ..... 66
Technical data ..... 65
Current load ..... 92
D
Device
Dimensions ..... 24
Operation ..... 84
Technical data ..... 25
Drilling Template ..... 71, 76
E
Enable Switch
Enable Position ..... 62
Null Position ..... 61
Panic Position ..... 62
Enable switch ..... 60, 147
Connection examples ..... 90
Current load ..... 92
E-stop button ..... 29, 145
Connection examples ..... 86
Current load ..... 92
F
Fastening ..... 62
Features ..... 22
Filter glass ..... 152
H
Handle ..... 18, 59
Dimensions ..... 60
Technical data ..... 60
Housing ..... 152
I
Individual Components ..... 27
Handle ..... 59
Operating unit ..... 27
Individual components
Connection cable ..... 64
Strapping plug ..... 81
Switching cabinet cable - straight through
73
Switching cabinet cable crossover ..... 68
Wall Mount ..... 77
Intended use ..... 83
K
Key Switch ..... 146
Key switch ..... 29
Connection examples ..... 86
Current load ..... 92
M
Manual History ..... 11
Model Numbers ..... 18
Monitoring device ..... 85
Mylar ..... 150
0
Operating unit ..... 27
Dimensions ..... 28
Entry Devices ..... 29
Mylar keypad ..... 28
Rear View ..... 35
R
Risk Evaluation ..... 119
S
Safety guidelines Design ..... 13
Safety regulations ..... 13
Enable switch ..... 16
E-stop system ..... 16
Installation ..... 14
Intended Use ..... 14
Introduction ..... 13
Operation ..... 15
Supply Voltage ..... 15
Transport and Storage ..... 14
Serial Number Label ..... 35
Shielding ..... 68, 73
Softkeys ..... 29
Software ..... 20
Standards ..... 101
Strapping plug ..... 19, 81
Structure ..... 23
Switching cabinet cable 19, 68, 73
Cable specifications ..... 70, 75
Drilling Template ..... 71, 76
Technical data ..... 69, 74
System keys ..... 29
T
Touch Screen ..... 148
Touch screen pen ..... 30
Type Plate ..... 36
U
USB ..... 30
USB Memory Stick ..... 132
General information ..... 132
Order data ..... 132
Technical data ..... 132
W
Wall Mount ..... 19, 77
Dimensions ..... 79
Technical data ..... 78
Windows CE ..... 97
General information ..... 97
Windows XP Embedded ..... 100
General information ..... 100
0 ..... 18, 64
0AC201.9 ..... 20, 122
4
4A0006.00-000 ..... 20, 122
4MP181.0843-03 ..... 18, 39
4MP251.0571-1218, 434MP281.0571-1218, 47
18, 51 4MP281.0843-13 5MMUSB.0128-00 ..... 20, 1325MP181.0843-07
5CAMPH.0150-00 ..... 19, 64
5CAMPH.0200-00 ..... 19, 64
5CFCRD.0032-02 ..... 20, 124
5CFCRD.0064-02 ..... 20, 124
5CFCRD.0128-02 ..... 20, 124
5CFCRD.0256-02 ..... 20, 124
5CFCRD.0512-02 ..... 20, 124
5CFCRD.1024-02 ..... 20, 124
5CFCRD.2048-02 ..... 20, 124
19, 77
4MPBRA.0000-00 ..... 20, 13218, 594MPHDL 0000-0018, 59
19, 81 5MMUSB.0512-00 ..... 19, 81
4MPBYP.0000-0018,
5
5AC900.1100-00 20, 123
5СAMPC.0020-00 ..... 19, 68
5CAMPC.0020-01 ..... 19, 73
5САMPH.0050-00 ..... 18, 64
5CAMPH.0070-00 ..... 18, 64
9

## 9

9S0001.13-010 ..... 20, 979S0001.13-02020, 97
9S0001.17-020 ..... 20, 97

9S0001.21-020
20, 100


[^0]:    1) Depending on the design of the Mobile Panel device version.
    2) Can be accessed from behind the CF USB cover on the front of the Mobile Panel's operator panel.
[^1]:    1) To prevent confusing EN 951-1 categories with IEC 60204-1 stop categories, the term "safety categories" was used in the text shown above for EN 954-1 categories.
